

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
OF OPERATING RESULTS AND FINANCIAL POSITION

For the three months ended March 31, 2015

The following management discussion and analysis (“MD&A”) was prepared as of May 5, 2015 and should be read in conjunction with the Company’s unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2015 (“interim consolidated financial statements”), as well as the Company’s audited consolidated financial statements and MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2014 together with the notes thereto. All amounts in this MD&A are in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise stated; and all tabular amounts are in thousands of Canadian dollars, except earnings per share and number of shares. Additional information about the Company, including the Company’s Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2014, can be found at www.sedar.com.

OVERVIEW

Martinrea International Inc. (TSX:MRE) (“Martinrea” or the “Company”) is a leader in the production and development of quality metal parts, assemblies and modules, fluid management systems and complex aluminum products focused primarily on the automotive sector. Martinrea currently employs over 14,000 skilled and motivated people in 44 operating divisions in Canada, the United States, Mexico, Brazil, Germany, Slovakia, Spain and China.

Martinrea’s vision for the future is to be the best, preferred and most valued automotive parts supplier in the world in the products and services we provide our customers. The Company’s mission is to deliver: outstanding quality products and services to our customers; meaningful opportunity, job satisfaction and job security to our people through competitiveness and prudent growth; superior long term investment returns to our stakeholders; and positive contributions to our communities as good corporate citizens.

Results of operations include certain unusual and other items which have been separately disclosed, where appropriate, in order to provide a clear assessment of the underlying Company results. In addition to IFRS measures, the management uses non-IFRS measures in the Company’s disclosures that it believes provides the most appropriate basis on which to evaluate the Company’s results.

OVERALL RESULTS

The following table sets out certain highlights of the Company’s performance for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014. Refer to the Company’s interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2015 for a detailed account of the Company’s performance for both periods presented in the table below.

	Three months ended March 31, 2015	Three months ended March 31, 2014	\$ Change	% Change
Sales	\$ 917,531	\$ 864,493	53,038	6.1%
Gross Margin	95,639	87,479	8,160	9.3%
Operating Income	43,710	37,559	6,151	16.4%
Net Income for the period	30,508	26,659	3,849	14.4%
Net Income Attributable to Equity Holders of the Company	\$ 30,419	\$ 16,691	13,728	82.2%
Net Income per Share – Basic and Diluted	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.20	0.16	80.0%
<u>Non-IFRS Measures*</u>				
Adjusted Operating Income	\$ 43,710	\$ 38,712	4,998	12.9%
<i>as a % of Sales</i>	<i>4.8%</i>	<i>4.5%</i>		
Adjusted EBITDA	74,923	66,894	8,029	12.0%
<i>as a % of Sales</i>	<i>8.2%</i>	<i>7.7%</i>		
Adjusted Net Earnings Attributable to Equity Holders of the Company	30,419	17,556	12,863	73.3%
Adjusted Net Earnings per share - Basic and Diluted	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.21	0.15	71.4%

*Non-IFRS Measures

The Company prepares its financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). However, the Company considers certain non-IFRS financial measures as useful additional information in measuring the financial performance and financial condition of the Company. These measures, which the Company believes are widely used by investors, securities analysts and other interested parties in evaluating the Company's performance, do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and therefore may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other publicly traded companies, nor should they be construed as an alternative to financial measures determined in accordance with IFRS. Non-IFRS measures include "Adjusted Net Income", "Adjusted Net Income per Share (on a basic and diluted basis)", "Adjusted Operating Income" and "Adjusted EBITDA". Unusual and other items are explained in the "Adjustments to Net Income" section of this MD&A.

The following tables provide a reconciliation of IFRS "Net Income Attributable to Equity Holders of the Company" to Non-IFRS "Adjusted Net Income Attributable to Equity Holders of the Company", "Adjusted Operating Income" and "Adjusted EBITDA":

	Three months ended March 31, 2015		Three months ended March 31, 2014	
Net Income Attributable to Equity Holders of the Company	\$	30,419	\$	16,691
Unusual and Other Items (after-tax)*		-		865
Adjusted Net Income Attributable to Equity Holders of the Company	\$	30,419	\$	17,556

*Unusual and other items are explained in the "Adjustments to Net Income" section of this MD&A

	Three months ended March 31, 2015		Three months ended March 31, 2014	
Net Earnings Attributable to Equity Holders of the Company	\$	30,419	\$	16,691
Non-controlling interest		89		9,968
Income tax expense		9,249		5,499
Other finance income		(2,602)		222
Finance costs		6,555		5,179
Unusual and Other Items (before-tax)*		-		1,153
Adjusted Operating Income	\$	43,710	\$	38,712
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		28,582		25,595
Amortization of intangible assets		3,201		2,447
Loss/(gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(570)		140
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	74,923	\$	66,894

*Unusual and other items are explained in the "Adjustments to Net Income" section of this MD&A

The year-over-year changes in significant accounts and financial highlights are discussed in detail in the sections below.

SALES

Three months ended March 31, 2015 to three months ended March 31, 2014 comparison

	Three months ended March 31, 2015		Three months ended March 31, 2014		\$ Change	% Change
North America	\$	713,119	\$	663,664	49,455	7.5%
Europe		187,401		183,653	3,748	2.0%
Rest of the World		17,011		17,176	(165)	(1.0%)
Total Sales	\$	917,531	\$	864,493	53,038	6.1%

The Company's consolidated sales for the first quarter of 2015 increased by \$53.0 million or 6.1% to \$917.5 million as compared to \$864.5 million for the first quarter of 2014. The total overall increase in sales was driven by increases in the Company's North America and Europe operating segments, partially offset by a slight year-over-year decrease in sales in the Rest of the World.

Sales for the first quarter of 2015 in the Company's North America operating segment increased by \$49.5 million or 7.5% to \$713.1 million from \$663.7 million for the first quarter of 2014. The increase was due to the launch of new programs during or subsequent to

the first quarter of 2014, including the new Chrysler 200 and Ford Edge; a \$1.6 million increase in tooling sales, which are typically dependent on the timing of tooling construction and final acceptance by the customer; and the impact of foreign exchange on the translation of U.S. denominated production sales, which had a positive impact on overall sales for the first quarter of 2015 of \$58.0 million as compared to the first quarter of 2014. These positive factors were offset by lower year-over-year OEM production volumes on certain OEM light-vehicle platforms including the Chrysler Minivan platform, which is scheduled to be down for thirteen weeks in 2015 for re-tooling, the Ford Fusion and other light-vehicle platforms late in their life cycle.

Sales for the first quarter of 2015 in the Company's Europe operating segment increased by \$3.7 million or 2.0% to \$187.4 million from \$183.7 million for the first quarter of 2014. The increase can be attributed to new incremental aluminum business with Jaguar Land Rover and a \$1.3 million increase in tooling sales, which are typically dependent on the timing of tooling construction and final acceptance by the customer; partially offset by the impact of foreign exchange on the translation of Euro denominated production sales, which had a negative impact on overall sales for the first quarter of 2015 of \$8.5 million as compared to the first quarter of 2014, and lower overall production volumes in the Company's Martinrea Honsel German operations.

Sales for the first quarter of 2015 in the Company's Rest of the World operating segment decreased by \$0.2 million or 1.0% to \$17.0 million from \$17.2 million in the first quarter of 2014. The slight decrease can be attributed to a year-over-year decrease in overall OEM light and medium heavy vehicle production in Brazil, partially offset by a \$0.7 million increase in tooling sales and an increase in production sales in the Company's new fluids systems plant in China, which began operations in 2013 and continues to ramp up its backlog of business.

Overall tooling sales increased by \$3.6 million to \$30.5 million for the first quarter of 2015 from \$26.9 million for the first quarter of 2014.

GROSS MARGIN

Three months ended March 31, 2015 to three months ended March 31, 2014 comparison

	Three months ended March 31, 2015	Three months ended March 31, 2014	\$ Change	% Change
Gross margin	\$ 95,639	\$ 87,479	8,160	9.3%
% of sales	10.4%	10.1%		

The gross margin percentage for the first quarter of 2015 of 10.4% increased as a percentage of sales by 0.3% as compared to the gross margin percentage for the first quarter of 2014 of 10.1%. The increase in gross margin as a percentage of sales was generally due to productivity and efficiency improvements at certain operating facilities, in particular in the Company's U.S. Metallic operations, partially offset by the following:

- increased pre-operating and launch costs, in particular at new operating facilities in Spain, Mexico, China and Riverside, Missouri as these new plants prepare for upcoming new program launches;
- operational inefficiencies and other costs at certain other facilities;
- lower production volumes in the Company's Martinrea Honsel German operations; and
- the positive resolution of commercial disputes in the Company's European operations which positively impacted the first quarter of 2014 as compared to the first quarter of 2015.

SELLING, GENERAL & ADMINISTRATIVE ("SG&A")

Three months ended March 31, 2015 to three months ended March 31, 2014 comparison

	Three months ended March 31, 2015	Three months ended March 31, 2014	\$ Change	% Change
Selling, general & administrative	\$ 44,677	\$ 43,331	1,346	3.1%
% of sales	4.9%	5.0%		

SG&A expense, before adjustments, for the first quarter of 2015 increased by \$1.3 million to \$44.7 million as compared to \$43.3 million for the first quarter of 2014. Excluding the unusual and other item recorded in SG&A expense incurred in the first quarter of 2014 explained in Table A under "Adjustments to Net Income", SG&A expense for the first quarter of 2015 increased by \$2.5 million to \$44.7 million from \$42.2 million for the comparative period of 2014. The increase is predominantly due to costs incurred at new and/or expanded facilities, including incremental employment levels to support the growth in the business. SG&A expenses are being monitored and managed on a continuous basis in order to optimize costs.

Excluding the unusual and other item recorded in SG&A expense incurred in the first quarter of 2014 as explained in Table A under "Adjustments to Net Income", SG&A expense as a percentage of sales remained consistent year-over-year at 4.9% for both the first quarters of 2015 and 2014.

DEPRECIATION OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT ("PP&E") AND AMORTIZATION OF INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Three months ended March 31, 2015 to three months ended March 31, 2014 comparison

	Three months ended March 31, 2015	Three months ended March 31, 2014	\$ Change	% Change
Depreciation of PP&E (production)	\$ 26,895	\$ 24,131	2,764	11.5%
Depreciation of PP&E (non-production)	1,687	1,464	223	15.2%
Amortization of customer contracts and relationships	539	343	196	57.1%
Amortization of development costs	2,662	2,104	558	26.5%
Total depreciation and amortization	\$ 31,783	\$ 28,042	3,741	13.3%

Total depreciation and amortization expense for the first quarter of 2015 increased by \$3.8 million to \$31.8 million as compared to \$28.0 million for the first quarter of 2014. The increase in total depreciation and amortization expense was primarily due to increases in depreciation expense on a larger PP&E base resulting from a growing book of business and amortization of development costs as new programs, specifically for which development costs were incurred, start production and reach peak volumes. A significant portion of the Company's recent investments relates to various new program launches put to use during or subsequent to the first quarter of 2014 as the Company has continued to work through its launch backlog. The Company continues to make significant investments in the business in light of a large backlog of business and a growing global footprint.

Depreciation of PP&E (production) expense as a percentage of sales remained relatively consistent year-over-year at 2.9% for the first quarter of 2015 compared to 2.8% for the first quarter of 2014.

ADJUSTMENTS TO NET INCOME

(ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY)

Adjusted net income excludes certain unusual and other items, as set out in the following table and described in the notes thereto. Management uses adjusted net income as a measurement of operating performance of the Company and believes that, in conjunction with IFRS measures, it provides useful information about the financial performance and condition of the Company.

TABLE A

	For the three months ended March 31, 2015 (a)	For the three months ended March 31, 2014 (b)	(a)-(b) Change
NET INCOME (A)	\$30,419	\$16,691	\$13,728
Add back - Unusual and Other Items:			
External legal and forensic accounting costs related to litigation (1)	-	1,153	(1,153)
TOTAL UNUSUAL AND OTHER ITEMS BEFORE TAX	-	\$1,153	\$(1,153)
Tax impact of above item	-	(288)	288
TOTAL UNUSUAL AND OTHER ITEMS AFTER TAX (B)	-	\$865	\$(865)
ADJUSTED NET INCOME (A + B)	\$30,419	\$17,556	\$12,863
Number of Shares Outstanding – Basic ('000)	85,080	84,480	
Adjusted Basic Net Income Per Share	\$0.36	\$0.21	
Number of Shares Outstanding – Diluted ('000)	85,685	85,044	
Adjusted Diluted Net Income Per Share	\$0.36	\$0.21	

(1) External Legal and Forensic Accounting Costs Related to Litigation

The costs added back for adjusted net income purposes for the first quarter of 2014 reflects the legal and forensic accounting costs not covered by insurance (recorded as SG&A expense) incurred by the Company in relation to specific litigation matters out of the ordinary course of business as outlined in the Company's Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2014.

NET INCOME
(ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY)

Three months ended March 31, 2015 to three months ended March 31, 2014 comparison

	Three months ended March 31, 2015		Three months ended March 31, 2014		\$ Change	% Change
Net Income	\$	30,419	\$	16,691	13,728	82.2%
Adjusted Net Income	\$	30,419	\$	17,556	12,863	73.3%
Net Income per Share						
Basic	\$	0.36	\$	0.20		
Diluted	\$	0.36	\$	0.20		
Adjusted Net Income per Share						
Basic	\$	0.36	\$	0.21		
Diluted	\$	0.36	\$	0.21		

Net income, before adjustments, for the first quarter of 2015 increased by \$13.7 million to \$30.4 million from \$16.7 million for the first quarter of 2014. Excluding the unusual and other item incurred during the first quarter of 2014 as explained in Table A under "Adjustments to Net Income", net income for the first quarter of 2015 increased to \$30.4 million or \$0.36 per share, on a basic and diluted basis, from \$17.6 million or \$0.21 per share, on a basic and diluted basis, for the first quarter of 2014.

Adjusted net income for the first quarter of 2015, as compared to the first quarter of 2014, was positively impacted by the following:

- productivity and efficiency improvements at certain operating facilities in particular in the Company's U.S. Metallic operations;
- the inclusion of 100% of the net earnings from Martinrea Honsel after the Company purchased the 45% non-controlling interest of the group on August 7, 2014 (see "Acquisition" section of this MD&A for further details on the transaction); and
- a net foreign exchange gain of \$2.6 million for the first quarter of 2015 compared to a net foreign exchange loss of \$0.3 million for the first quarter of 2014.

These factors were partially offset by the following:

- increased pre-operating and launch costs, in particular at new operating facilities in Spain, Mexico, China, and Riverside, Missouri as these new plants prepare for upcoming new program launches;
- operational inefficiencies and other costs at certain other facilities;
- lower production volumes in the Company's Martinrea Honsel German operations;
- the positive resolution of commercial disputes in the Company's European operations which positively impacted the first quarter of 2014 as compared to the first quarter of 2015;
- a higher effective tax rate on adjusted earnings due generally to the mix of earnings (23.3% for the first quarter of 2015 compared to 17.4% for the first quarter of 2014); and
- year-over-year increases in SG&A expense as previously discussed, research and development expenses due mainly to increased amortization of development costs, and finance expense related to increased levels of debt primarily used to sustain the increased level of capital expenditures related to new program launches and to fund the purchase of the 45% non-controlling interest of Martinrea Honsel on August 7, 2014 (see "Acquisition" section of this MD&A for further details on the transaction).

Three months ended March 31, 2105 actual to guidance comparison

On March 19, 2015, the Company provided the following guidance for the first quarter of 2015:

		Guidance	Actual
Production sales (in Millions)	\$	860 – 900	\$ 887
Adjusted Net Income per Share Basic & Diluted	\$	0.31 – 0.35	\$ 0.36

For the first quarter of 2015, while production revenue of \$887 million was within the range of published guidance, adjusted net income per share of \$0.36 exceeded the high end of the range as a result of stronger than expected performance in March and foreign exchange gains during the quarter.

ADDITIONS TO PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Three months ended March 31, 2015 to three months ended March 31, 2014 comparison

	Three months ended March 31, 2015	Three months ended M arch 31, 2014	\$ Change	% Change
Additions to Property, Plant and Equipment	\$ 47,337	\$ 37,051	10,286	27.8%

Additions to property, plant and equipment increased by \$10.3 million to \$47.3 million in the first quarter of 2015 from \$37.0 million in the first quarter of 2014. Additions as a percentage of sales increased year-over-year to 5.2% for the first quarter of 2015 compared to 4.3% for the first quarter of 2014. While capital expenditures are made to refurbish or replace assets consumed in the normal course of business and for productivity improvements, a large portion of the investment in the first quarter of 2015 continued to be for manufacturing equipment and multiple expansions for programs that recently launched or will be launching over the next 24 months.

SEGMENT ANALYSIS

The Company defines its operating segments as components of its business where separate financial information is available and routinely evaluated by the Company's chief operating decision maker which is the Chief Executive Officer. Given the differences between the regions in which the Company operates, Martinrea's operations are segmented and aggregated on a geographic basis between North America, Europe and Rest of the World. The Company measures segment operating performance based on operating income.

Three months ended March 31, 2015 to three months ended March 31, 2014 comparison

	SALES		OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)*	
	Three months ended March 31, 2015	Three months ended March 31, 2014	Three months ended March 31, 2015	Three months ended March 31, 2014
North America	\$ 713,119	\$ 663,664	\$ 37,527	\$ 22,521
Europe	187,401	183,653	8,368	17,674
Rest of the World	17,011	17,176	(2,185)	(1,483)
Adjusted Operating Income	-	-	\$ 43,710	\$ 38,712
Unusual and Other Items*	-	-	-	(1,153)
Total	\$ 917,531	\$ 864,493	\$ 43,710	\$ 37,559

*Operating income for the operating segments has been adjusted for unusual and other items. The unusual and other items noted above were incurred within the North America operating segment and are fully explained under "Adjustments to Net Income" in this MD&A.

North America

Adjusted operating income in North America increased by \$15.0 million to \$37.5 million for the first quarter of 2015 from \$22.5 million for the first quarter of 2014. Operating income in North America was positively impacted by productivity and efficiency improvements at certain operating facilities in particular in the Company's U.S. Metallic operations, partially offset by pre-operating and launch costs, in particular at two new operating facilities in Mexico and Riverside, Missouri as the new plants prepare for upcoming new program launches, and operational inefficiencies and other costs at certain other facilities.

Europe

Operating income in Europe decreased by \$9.3 million to \$8.4 million for the first quarter of 2015 from \$17.7 million for the first quarter of 2014. The operating results in Europe were negatively impacted by program specific launch costs and pre-operating costs at a new operating facility in Spain, as the plant prepares for a significant upcoming new program launch, lower production volumes in the Company's Martinrea Honsel German operations, and the resolution of commercial disputes which positively impact the first quarter of 2014 as compared to the first quarter of 2015.

Rest of the World

The operating results for the Rest of the World operating segment decreased year-over-year. The decrease in operating results was primarily due to lower production volumes in Brazil and pre-operating costs at a new aluminum operating facility in China as the plant prepares for its inaugural new program launch in 2016.

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

	2015		2014			2013		
	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2
Sales	917,531	943,781	859,456	930,915	864,493	858,624	767,861	826,274
Gross margin	95,639	86,474	78,076	95,863	87,479	73,475	83,663	91,183
Net income for the period	30,508	11,926	21,205	29,626	26,659	(44,074)	26,387	32,111
Net income attributable to equity holders of the Company	30,419	11,921	19,384	23,308	16,691	(51,425)	20,973	27,514
Basic Net Earnings (loss) per Share	0.36	0.14	0.23	0.28	0.20	(0.61)	0.25	0.33
Diluted Net Earnings (loss) per Share	0.36	0.14	0.23	0.27	0.20	(0.60)	0.25	0.33
Adjusted Basic Net Earnings per Share	0.36	0.27	0.23	0.28	0.21	0.17	0.25	0.33
Adjusted Diluted Net Earnings per Share	0.36	0.27	0.23	0.28	0.21	0.17	0.25	0.33

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company's financial condition remains solid, which can be attributed to the Company's low cost structure, reasonable level of debt, prospects for growth and significant new program launches. As at March 31, 2015, the Company had total equity attributable to equity holders of the Company of \$634.1 million. As at March 31, 2015, the Company's ratio of current assets to current liabilities was 1.27:1, generally consistent with recent quarters. The Company's current working capital level of \$208.1 million and existing financing facilities (discussed below) are sufficient to cover the anticipated working capital needs of the Company. Management expects that all future capital expenditures will be financed by cash flow from operations, utilization of existing financing facilities or asset backed financing.

CASH FLOWS

Three months ended March 31, 2015 to three months ended March 31, 2014 comparison

	Three months ended March 31, 2015	Three months ended March 31, 2014	\$ Change	% Change
Cash provided by operations before changes in non-cash working capital items	\$ 78,353	\$ 68,303	10,050	14.7%
Change in non-cash working capital items	(46,664)	(43,594)	(3,070)	7.0%
Interest paid	31,689	24,709	6,980	28.2%
Income taxes paid	(5,188)	(4,712)	(476)	10.1%
	(22,428)	(12,242)	(10,186)	83.2%
Cash provided by operating activities	4,073	7,755	(3,682)	(47.5%)
Cash provided by financing activities	13,111	24,227	(11,116)	(45.9%)
Cash used in investing activities	(48,678)	(45,641)	(3,037)	6.7%
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	(233)	620	(853)	(137.6%)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (31,727)	\$ (13,039)	(18,688)	143.3%

Cash provided by operating activities during the first quarter of 2015 was \$4.1 million, compared to cash provided by operating activities of \$7.8 million in the corresponding period of 2014. The components for the first quarter of 2015 primarily include the following:

- cash provided by operations before changes in non-cash working capital items of \$78.4 million;
- working capital items use of cash of \$46.7 million comprised of an increase in trade and other receivables of \$75.5 million and an increase prepaid expenses and deposits of \$2.9 million; partially offset by a decrease in inventories of \$0.4 million and an increase in trade, other payables and provisions of \$31.3 million;
- interest paid (excluding capitalized interest) of \$5.2 million; and
- income taxes paid of \$22.4 million due to the timing of final income tax payments for 2014 and instalments for 2015.

Cash provided by financing activities during the first quarter of 2015 was \$13.1 million, compared to \$24.2 million in the corresponding period in 2014, as a result of \$19.1 million drawn on the Company's amended banking facility (see below under "Financing") primarily to fund the increase in working capital during the quarter, and \$6.2 million in proceeds from the exercise of employee stock options during the year; partially offset by \$9.6 million of scheduled debt repayments on asset based financing arrangements and \$2.5 million in dividends paid.

Cash used in investing activities during the first quarter of 2015 was \$48.7 million, compared to \$45.6 million in the corresponding period in 2014. The components for the first quarter of 2015 primarily include the following:

- cash additions to PP&E of \$46.5 million;
- capitalized development costs relating to upcoming new program launches of \$4.0 million; partially offset by
- proceeds from the disposal of property, plant and equipment of \$1.8 million.

Taking into account the opening cash balance of \$52.4 million at the beginning of the first quarter of 2015, and the activities described above, the cash and cash equivalents balance at March 31, 2015 was \$20.7 million.

Financing

On August 6, 2014, the Company's banking facility was amended to increase the total available revolving credit lines under the facility and add two new banks to the lending syndicate. The increase in credit lines facilitated the purchase of the 45% non-controlling interest in Martinrea Honsel as further described below. The primary terms of the amended banking facility, with a syndicate of nine banks, are as follows:

- available revolving credit lines of \$300 million and US \$350 million;
- available asset based financing capacity of \$205 million;
- no mandatory principal repayment provisions;
- an accordion feature which provides the Company with the ability to increase the revolving credit facility by up to \$100 million;
- pricing terms at market rates; and
- a maturity date of August 2018.

As at March 31, 2015, the Company had drawn \$273.0 million on the Canadian revolving credit line and US\$255.0 million on the U.S. revolving credit line.

Net debt (i.e. long term debt less cash on hand) increased by approximately \$72.8 million from \$640.0 million at December 31, 2014 to \$712.8 million at March 31, 2015, due primarily to the impact of foreign exchange translation on U.S. denominated debt of \$32.4 million and the seasonal increase in working capital during the first quarter of the year which was financed through drawdowns on the Company's banking facility.

The Company was in compliance with its debt covenants as at March 31, 2015.

Dividends

In the second quarter of 2013, Martinrea's Board of Directors approved, for the first time, a dividend to be paid to all holders of Martinrea common shares. Annual dividends are to be \$0.12 per share, to be paid in four quarterly payments of \$0.03 per share. The first quarterly dividend payment of \$0.03 per share was paid on July 11, 2013; with successive quarterly dividends paid thereafter, the most recent quarterly dividend being paid on April 30, 2015. The declaration and payment of future dividends will be subject to the Company's cash requirements as well as satisfaction of statutory tests. In addition, the Board will assess future dividend payment levels from time to time, in light of the Company's financial performance and then current and anticipated needs at that time.

Guarantees

The Company is a guarantor under certain tooling finance programs negotiated originally in 2004 and amended in 2013 that provide direct financing for the tooling on specific programs. The tooling finance program involves a third party that provides tooling suppliers with financing subject to a Company guarantee for a period of six to eighteen months depending upon the duration of the tooling program and the subsequent customer tooling payment. The amounts loaned to tooling suppliers through this financing arrangement do not appear on the Company's balance sheet. At March 31, 2015 the amount of off-balance sheet program financing was \$19.1 million (December 31, 2014 - \$17.2 million). As is customary in the automotive industry, tooling costs are ultimately paid for by customers of the Company generally upon acceptance of the final prototypes and commencement of commercial production.

ACQUISITIONS

On July 29, 2011, the Company closed an agreement to purchase a controlling interest in the assets of Honsel, a German-based leading supplier of aluminum components for the automotive and industrial sectors forming the Martinrea Honsel group. The Company partnered with Anchorage Capital Group L.L.C. ("Anchorage") in the transaction, acquiring 55%, with Anchorage owning the remaining 45%.

Martinrea Honsel develops and manufactures complex aluminum products using state-of-the-art production technologies including high pressure die-casting, permanent mold and sand casting as well as extruding and rolling. Martinrea Honsel produces four major product lines: engine products such as engine blocks, cylinder heads and oil pans; transmission products, such as housings and control parts; suspension products, such as engine cradles; and body parts, such as front boards and extrusion profiles.

The Martinrea Honsel Group provides the Company with a significant presence in the aluminum automotive parts market, and broadens the Company's metal forming capabilities and offerings. It also creates a more significant geographic presence outside North America, which the Company intends to grow over time. The Company's customer base was further expanded with the acquisition, with many of the larger European based OEMs being significant customers of Martinrea Honsel.

Initially, the 2011 purchase transaction envisaged the purchase of all of Honsel's operations, which included plants in Germany located in Meschede, Nuremberg, Soest, and Nuttlar, as well as Madrid, Spain, Queretaro, Mexico, and Monte Mor, Brazil. The Nuremberg facility was subsequently sold to ZF Friedrichshafen AG ("ZF"), the primary customer of the facility, immediately after the closing of the

purchase transaction. After factoring in the sale of the Nuremburg facility to ZF, the net cash consideration for the acquisition was €62,125 (\$85,272), of which Martinrea's 55% portion was €34,169 (\$46,900).

As part of the transaction, the Company granted Anchorage a put option which, if exercised, would have required the Company to purchase Anchorage's 45% interest in Martinrea Honsel Holdings B.V. The put option would have become effective on April 1, 2015 with an expiry date of October 1, 2017. The put option provided a formula for determining the purchase price of the shares, designed to estimate the fair value of the non-controlling interest at the time the option is exercised. The put option provided an arbitration mechanism in the event that the two parties were unable to agree on the ultimate price.

On August 7, 2014, prior to the put option becoming exercisable, Martinrea acquired from Anchorage the remaining 45% equity interest in the Martinrea Honsel Group for a negotiated purchase price of €160,000 (\$235,667 Canadian). Effective August 7, 2014, the Martinrea Honsel Group is wholly owned by Martinrea. The transaction resulted in the carrying value of the put option liability on the date of the transaction being reversed out of other equity and the carrying amount of Anchorage's share of equity in Martinrea Honsel being reversed from non-controlling interest. The \$127,198 difference of the consideration paid and the carrying amount of the non-controlling interest at the date of the transaction was recognized in accumulated deficit.

The acquisition while bringing many benefits to Martinrea also provides some risks for the Company. Both the initial 2011 purchase of the 55% controlling interest and subsequent purchase of the remaining 45% equity interest in Martinrea Honsel were financed by the Company using available credit lines, which has increased the Company's debt levels. See also "Risks and Uncertainties".

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The reader is referred to the detailed discussion on Industry Highlights and Trends and Risks and Uncertainties as outlined in the Company's Annual Information Form dated March 19, 2015 and available through SEDAR at www.sedar.com which are incorporated herein by reference. These risk factors could materially and adversely affect the Company's future operating results and could cause actual events to differ materially from those described in forward-looking statements relating to the Company.

DISCLOSURE OF OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

As at May 5, 2015, the Company had 85,756,283 common shares outstanding. The Company's common shares constitute its only class of voting securities. As at May 5, 2015, options to acquire 4,814,002 common shares were outstanding.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS AND OFF BALANCE SHEET FINANCING

During the three months ended March 31, 2015, there has been no material change in the table of contractual obligations specified in the Company's MD&A for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014.

The Company has negotiated tool financing facilities that provide direct financing for specific programs. The tool financing program involves a third party that provides tooling suppliers with financing subject to a Company guarantee. Payments from the third party to the tooling supplier are approved by the Company prior to the funds being advanced. The amounts loaned to tooling suppliers through this financing arrangement do not appear on the Company's balance sheet. At March 31, 2015, the amount of the off balance sheet program financing was \$19.1 million representing the maximum amount of undiscounted future payments the Company could be required to make under the guarantee. The Company would be required to perform under the guarantee in cases where a tooling supplier could not meet its obligation to the third party. Since the amount advanced to the tooling supplier is required to be repaid generally when the Company receives reimbursement from the final customer, and at this point the Company will in turn repay the tooling supplier, the Company views the likelihood of a tooling supplier default as remote. Moreover, if such an instance were to occur, the Company would obtain the tool inventory as collateral. The term of the guarantee will vary from program to program, but typically ranges between 6-18 months.

Financial Instruments

The Company periodically utilizes certain financial instruments, principally forward currency exchange contracts, to manage the risk associated with fluctuations in currency exchange rates. It is the Company's policy to not utilize financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes. Forward currency exchange contracts are used to reduce the impact of fluctuating exchange rates on the Company's foreign denominated sales and the Company's purchases of materials and equipment. Gains and losses on forward foreign exchange contracts are reflected in the consolidated financial statements in the same period as the hedged item. In the event that a

hedged item is sold or cancelled prior to the termination of the related hedging item, any unrealized gain or loss on the hedging item is immediately recognized in income.

At March 31, 2015, the Company had committed to trade U.S. dollars in exchange for the following:

Currency	Amount of U.S. dollars	Weighted average exchange rate of U.S. dollars	Maximum period in months
Buy Canadian Dollars	\$ 10,000	1.1696	9
Buy Mexican Peso	460	15.2200	1

The aggregate value of these forward contracts as at March 31, 2015 was a loss of \$1,000 and was recorded in trade and other payables (December 31, 2014 - loss of \$9 recorded in trade and other payables).

DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES AND INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

There have been no changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting during the most recent interim period that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, its internal control over financial reporting.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

Included in the Company's 2014 annual consolidated financial statements, as well as in the Company's 2014 annual MD&A, are the accounting policies under IFRS and estimates that are critical to the understanding of the business and to the results of operations. For the three months ended March 31, 2015 there were no changes to the critical accounting policies and estimates of the Company from those found in the 2014 annual MD&A, except for the following new accounting standards recently adopted.

IFRS 38, Intangible Assets and IAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment

Effective January 1, 2015, the Company adopted amendments made to IAS 38, Intangible Assets and IAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment. The amendments to these standards introduced a rebuttable presumption that the use of revenue-based amortization methods is inappropriate.

The adoption of these amended standards did not have a significant impact on the interim condensed consolidated financial statements in the current or comparative periods.

OUTLOOK

The automotive industry is traditionally an extremely challenging business, characterized at the OEM level by intense competition for market share, rebates to consumers and drives for quality and profits and characterized at the supplier level by price reductions, increasing quality standards, higher input prices and a declining number of qualified suppliers in the normal course or as a result of insolvencies and consolidation. The challenges of the industry were exacerbated by the 2008-2009 economic recession and the financial distress in the industry involving both OEMs and suppliers particularly evidenced by the bankruptcy filings of Chrysler and General Motors in the United States in 2009. The Company believes that the long term outlook of the automotive industry overall, while always challenging, is much improved from 2008 - 2010. In 2010, the North American automotive industry experienced a recovery in volume and revenues, as sales and production volumes increased from 2009 levels, although not to pre-recession levels. Production in 2011 through 2015 to date improved substantially. This has resulted in increasing revenues for most automotive OEMs and for suppliers who survived the automotive crisis of 2008 and 2009, including Martinrea.

There are many challenges, but opportunities will exist for innovative and cost effective suppliers who build great products in the short, medium and longer term. It is expected that growth in business for individual suppliers will occur as OEMs reduce the number of Tier 1 suppliers, continue to outsource product, and provide opportunities for new work and takeover business. The Company believes that its capabilities provide it with the ability to capitalize on a broad range of opportunities. The Company has built its footprint and continues to pursue its strategies, including recently the acquisition of the assets of Martinrea Honsel to broaden its product offerings and customer base, and will continue to do so in the future with a view to increasing revenue and profits over the longer term.

FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This MD&A and the documents incorporated by reference therein contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities laws including related to the Company's expectations as to revenue and gross margin percentage (and earnings per share), statements as to the growth of the Company and pursuit of its strategies, the launching of new metal forming and fluid systems programs, statements as to the progress of operational improvements and operational efficiencies, continued consolidation of automotive suppliers, the opportunity to increase sales, broad geographic penetration, the Company's expectations regarding the future amount and type of restructuring expenses to be expensed, statements as to the reduction of costs, the Company's expectation regarding the financing of future capital expenditures, the Company's views of the likelihood of tooling and component part supplier default, statements as to the benefits of the Honsel acquisition, and the Company's ability to capitalize on opportunities in the automotive industry and the Company's views on its liquidity and ability to deal with present economic conditions, the Company's statement as to Internal Controls and the payment of dividends as well as other forward-looking statements. The words "continue", "expect", "anticipate", "estimate", "may", "will", "should", "views", "intend", "believe", "plan" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are based on estimates and assumptions made by the Company in light of its experience and its perception of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments, as well as other factors that the Company believes are appropriate in the circumstances. Many factors could cause the Company's actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements, including, without limitation, the following factors, some of which are discussed in detail in the Company's Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2014 and other public filings which can be found at www.sedar.com:

- North American and global economic and political conditions;
- the highly cyclical nature of the automotive industry and the industry's dependence on consumer spending and general economic conditions;
- the Company's dependence on a limited number of significant customers;
- financial viability of suppliers;
- the Company's reliance on critical suppliers and on suppliers for components and the risk that suppliers will not be able to supply components on a timely basis or in sufficient quantities;
- competition;
- the increasing pressure on the Company to absorb costs related to product design and development, engineering, program management, prototypes, validation and tooling;
- increased pricing of raw materials;
- outsourcing and in-sourcing trends;
- the risk of increased costs associated with product warranty and recalls together with the associated liability;
- the Company's ability to enhance operations and manufacturing techniques;
- dependence on key personnel;
- limited financial resources;
- risks associated with the integration of acquisitions;
- costs associated with rationalization of production facilities;
- launch costs;
- the potential volatility of the Company's share price;
- changes in governmental regulations or laws including any changes to the North American Free Trade Agreement;
- labour disputes;
- litigation;
- currency risk;
- fluctuations in operating results;
- internal controls over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures;
- environmental regulation;
- a shift away from technologies in which the Company is investing;
- competition with low cost countries;
- the Company's ability to shift its manufacturing footprint to take advantage of opportunities in emerging markets;
- risks of conducting business in foreign countries, including China, Brazil and other growing markets;
- potential tax exposures;
- a change in the Company's mix of earnings between jurisdictions with lower tax rates and those with higher tax rates, as well as the Company's ability to fully benefit from tax losses;
- under-funding of pension plans; and

- the cost of post-employment benefits.

These factors should be considered carefully, and readers should not place undue reliance on the Company's forward-looking statements. The Company has no intention and undertakes no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.