



MARTINREA INTERNATIONAL INC.

FIRST QUARTER REPORT

MARCH 31, 2015

FIRST QUARTER REPORT

March 31, 2015

MESSAGE TO SHAREHOLDERS

The Company experienced a good first quarter, with record net earnings and improved operating income and EBITDA margins. Our operations continue to improve. Our financial position remains strong and our future has never looked better.

We thank you for your ongoing support as we work hard to build our company and your company.

(Signed) "*Rob Wildeboer*"

Rob Wildeboer
Executive Chairman



MARTINREA INTERNATIONAL INC.

Releases First Quarter Results and Announces Dividend

May 5, 2015 – For Immediate Release

Toronto, Ontario – Martinrea International Inc. (TSX : MRE), a leader in the production of quality metal parts, assemblies and modules and fluid management systems focused primarily on the automotive sector, announced today the release of its financial results for the first quarter ended March 31, 2015 and a quarterly dividend.

HIGHLIGHTS

- Strong first quarter production sales
- Record net earnings
- Improving operating income and EBITDA margins
- \$200 Million in incremental business awards
- Dividend of \$0.03 per share announced

OVERVIEW

Pat D'Eramo, Martinrea's President and Chief Executive Officer stated: "We are pleased to report that our first quarter was strong in terms of sales and a record quarter in terms of profits. Our team is very focused on operations and making improvements, and that is translating to the bottom line. We are working hard on doing great work for our customers every day, and that has resulted in some nice incremental business awarded to us in the past several weeks. We have two aluminum based awards to announce. First, as noted on our last investor call, Jaguar Land Rover awarded us a new program for knuckle and control arms across various vehicle platforms approximating \$100 million annually when fully launched in 2019. These products will be produced in our facilities in Spain and China, which are already being built, so management teams and facilities are already being put in place. Second, we have been awarded an engine block program from Ford for its 2.0L engine block, to be produced in our facilities in Spain and Germany, approximating \$100 million annually when fully launched in 2020. These programs have a slow ramp up to peak volumes, so product sales help to defray the cost of ramping up, and they are across various vehicle platforms with generally longer production lives. Both these awards will see us producing parts for our customers into the late part of the next decade. These awards, together with the awards announced earlier this year, give us a total of approximately \$400 million in incremental business awards in the past six months, a sign of customer confidence and our ability to deliver."

Fred Di Tosto, Martinrea's Chief Financial Officer, stated: "Sales for our first quarter, excluding tooling sales, were \$887 million, in line with the previously announced sales guidance. In the first quarter, our net earnings per share, on a basic and diluted basis, was \$0.36, above our quarterly guidance, as a result of stronger than expected performance in the month of March and some foreign exchange gains during the quarter. First quarter operating income and EBITDA margins improved nicely year over year and quarter over quarter, despite pre-operating costs at new plants currently preparing for upcoming launches. We continue to expect operating income margins to improve to over 6% by 2017, with steady improvement over the next three years. We were particularly pleased to see strengthening of our operating income margins in North America, as many U.S. Metallic plants showed improvement. Our European results were weaker year over year, as anticipated, given the pre-operating and launch costs in Spain and Slovakia, as these plants ramp up, and anticipated reduction in volumes of some programs in Germany. Our EBITDA for the quarter was \$74.9 million, or 8.2% of sales, representing a 12% year-over-year increase, and a quarterly record for us."

Rob Wildeboer, Martinrea's Executive Chairman, stated: "Our company is as strong today as it has ever been, and we are bullish about our future as we continue to grow our business and our profits over time. We have a terrific group of people at Martinrea, dedicated to fulfilling our vision, and we thank them for their continuing efforts. This company has positive momentum that we believe will continue in the present automotive environment, even if there is a flattening of volumes in the industry. We are working hard to serve our customers well, not just in existing business and new product awards, but we have been assisting in some takeover work situations also, to help our customers keep up with their robust production schedules. For our upcoming quarter, we expect to generate sales for the quarter, excluding tooling sales, in the range of \$920-960 million, and generate net earnings per share in the range of 37 to 41 cents per share. Both would be record financial results. We thank our stakeholders for their support, and we believe that support will be rewarded over time as we continue to strengthen our company."

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Results of operations include certain unusual and other items which have been separately disclosed, where appropriate, in order to provide a clear assessment of the underlying Company results. In addition to IFRS measures, management uses non-IFRS measures in the Company's disclosures that it believes provides the most appropriate basis on which to evaluate the Company's results.

OVERALL RESULTS

The following table sets out certain highlights of the Company's performance for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014. Refer to the Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2015 for a detailed account of the Company's performance for both periods presented in the table below. All amounts in this Press Release are in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise stated; and all tabular amounts are in thousands of Canadian dollars, except earnings per share and number of shares.

	Three months ended		Three months ended		\$ Change	% Change
	March 31, 2015		March 31, 2014			
Sales	\$	917,531	\$	864,493	53,038	6.1%
Gross Margin		95,639		87,479	8,160	9.3%
Operating Income		43,710		37,559	6,151	16.4%
Net Income for the period		30,508		26,659	3,849	14.4%
Net Income Attributable to Equity Holders of the Company	\$	30,419	\$	16,691	13,728	82.2%
Net Income per Share – Basic and Diluted	\$	0.36	\$	0.20	0.16	80.0%
<u>Non-IFRS Measures*</u>						
Adjusted Operating Income	\$	43,710	\$	38,712	4,998	12.9%
<i>as a % of Sales</i>		<i>4.8%</i>		<i>4.5%</i>		
Adjusted EBITDA		74,923		66,894	8,029	12.0%
<i>as a % of Sales</i>		<i>8.2%</i>		<i>7.7%</i>		
Adjusted Net Earnings Attributable to Equity Holders of the Company		30,419		17,556	12,863	73.3%
Adjusted Net Earnings per share - Basic and Diluted	\$	0.36	\$	0.21	0.15	71.4%

***Non-IFRS Measures**

The Company prepares its financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). However, the Company considers certain non-IFRS financial measures as useful additional information in measuring the financial performance and financial condition of the Company. These measures, which the Company believes are widely used by investors, securities analysts and other interested parties in evaluating the Company's performance, do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and therefore may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other publicly traded companies, nor should they be construed as an alternative to financial measures determined in accordance with IFRS. Non-IFRS measures include "Adjusted Net Income", "Adjusted Net Income per Share (on a basic and diluted basis)", "Adjusted Operating Income" and "Adjusted EBITDA". Unusual and other items are explained in the "Adjustments to Net Income" section of the Company's Management Discussion and Analysis of Operating Results and Financial Position for the Quarter Ended March 31, 2015 ("MD&A").

The following tables provide a reconciliation of IFRS "Net Income Attributable to Equity Holders of the Company" to Non-IFRS "Adjusted Net Income Attributable to Equity Holders of the Company", "Adjusted Operating Income" and "Adjusted EBITDA":

	Three months ended March 31, 2015	Three months ended March 31, 2014
Net Income Attributable to Equity Holders of the Company	\$ 30,419	\$ 16,691
Unusual and Other Items (after-tax)*	-	865
Adjusted Net Income Attributable to Equity Holders of the Company	\$ 30,419	\$ 17,556

*Unusual and other items are explained in the "Adjustments to Net Income" section of this Press Release.

	Three months ended March 31, 2015	Three months ended March 31, 2014
Net Earnings Attributable to Equity Holders of the Company	\$ 30,419	\$ 16,691
Non-controlling interest	89	9,968
Income tax expense	9,249	5,499
Other finance income	(2,602)	222
Finance costs	6,555	5,179
Unusual and Other Items (before-tax)*	-	1,153
Adjusted Operating Income	\$ 43,710	\$ 38,712
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	28,582	25,595
Amortization of intangible assets	3,201	2,447
Loss/(gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(570)	140
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 74,923	\$ 66,894

*Unusual and other items are explained in the "Adjustments to Net Income" section of this Press Release.

The year-over-year changes in significant accounts and financial highlights are discussed in detail in the sections below.

SALES

Three months ended March 31, 2015 to three months ended March 31, 2014 comparison

	Three months ended March 31, 2015	Three months ended March 31, 2014	\$ Change	% Change
North America	\$ 713,119	\$ 663,664	49,455	7.5%
Europe	187,401	183,653	3,748	2.0%
Rest of the World	17,011	17,176	(165)	(1.0%)
Total Sales	\$ 917,531	\$ 864,493	53,038	6.1%

The Company's consolidated sales for the first quarter of 2015 increased by \$53.0 million or 6.1% to \$917.5 million as compared to \$864.5 million for the first quarter of 2014. The total overall increase in sales was driven by increases in the Company's North America and Europe operating segments, partially offset by a slight year-over-year decrease in sales in the Rest of the World.

Sales for the first quarter of 2015 in the Company's North America operating segment increased by \$49.5 million or 7.5% to \$713.1 million from \$663.7 million for the first quarter of 2014. The increase was due to the launch of new programs during or subsequent to the first quarter of 2014, including the new Chrysler 200 and Ford Edge; a \$1.6 million increase in tooling sales, which are typically dependent on the timing of tooling construction and final acceptance by the customer; and the impact of foreign exchange on the translation of U.S. denominated production sales, which had a positive impact on overall sales for the first quarter of 2015 of \$58.0 million as compared to the first quarter of 2014. These positive factors were offset by lower year-over-year OEM production volumes on certain OEM light-vehicle platforms including the Chrysler Minivan platform, which is scheduled to be down for thirteen weeks in 2015 for re-tooling, the Ford Fusion and other light-vehicle platforms late in their life cycle.

Sales for the first quarter of 2015 in the Company's Europe operating segment increased by \$3.7 million or 2.0% to \$187.4 million from \$183.7 million for the first quarter of 2014. The increase can be attributed to new incremental aluminum business with Jaguar Land Rover and a \$1.3 million increase in tooling sales, which are typically dependent on the timing of tooling construction and final acceptance by the customer; partially offset by the impact of foreign exchange on the translation of Euro denominated production sales, which had a negative impact on overall sales for the first quarter of 2015 of \$8.5 million as compared to the first quarter of 2014, and lower overall production volumes in the Company's Martinrea Honsel German operations.

Sales for the first quarter of 2015 in the Company's Rest of the World operating segment decreased by \$0.2 million or 1.0% to \$17.0 million from \$17.2 million in the first quarter of 2014. The slight decrease can be attributed to a year-over-year decrease in overall OEM light and medium heavy vehicle production in Brazil, partially offset by a \$0.7 million increase in tooling sales and an increase in production sales in the Company's new fluids systems plant in China, which began operations in 2013 and continues to ramp up its backlog of business.

Overall tooling sales increased by \$3.6 million to \$30.5 million for the first quarter of 2015 from \$26.9 million for the first quarter of 2014.

GROSS MARGIN

Three months ended March 31, 2015 to three months ended March 31, 2014 comparison

	Three months ended March 31, 2015	Three months ended March 31, 2014	\$ Change	% Change
Gross margin	\$ 95,639	\$ 87,479	8,160	9.3%
% of sales	10.4%	10.1%		

The gross margin percentage for the first quarter of 2015 of 10.4% increased as a percentage of sales by 0.3% as compared to the gross margin percentage for the first quarter of 2014 of 10.1%. The increase in gross margin as a percentage of sales was generally due to productivity and efficiency improvements at certain operating facilities, in particular in the Company's U.S. Metallic operations, partially offset by the following:

- increased pre-operating and launch costs, in particular at new operating facilities in Spain, Mexico, China and Riverside, Missouri as these new plants prepare for upcoming new program launches;
- operational inefficiencies and other costs at certain other facilities;
- lower production volumes in the Company's Martinrea Honsel German operations; and
- the positive resolution of commercial disputes in the Company's European operations which positively impacted the first quarter of 2014 as compared to the first quarter of 2015.

ADJUSTMENTS TO NET INCOME

(ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY)

Adjusted net income excludes certain unusual and other items, as set out in the following table and described in the notes thereto. Management uses adjusted net income as a measurement of operating performance of the Company and believes that, in conjunction with IFRS measures, it provides useful information about the financial performance and condition of the Company.

TABLE A

	For the three months ended March 31, 2015 (a)	For the three months ended March 31, 2014 (b)	(a)-(b) Change
NET INCOME (A)	\$30,419	\$16,691	\$13,728
Add back - Unusual and Other Items:			
External legal and forensic accounting costs related to litigation (1)	-	1,153	(1,153)
TOTAL UNUSUAL AND OTHER ITEMS BEFORE TAX	-	\$1,153	\$(1,153)
Tax impact of above item	-	(288)	288
TOTAL UNUSUAL AND OTHER ITEMS AFTER TAX (B)	-	\$865	\$(865)
ADJUSTED NET INCOME (A + B)	\$30,419	\$17,556	\$12,863
Number of Shares Outstanding – Basic ('000)	85,080	84,480	
Adjusted Basic Net Income Per Share	\$0.36	\$0.21	
Number of Shares Outstanding – Diluted ('000)	85,685	85,044	
Adjusted Diluted Net Income Per Share	\$0.36	\$0.21	

(1) External Legal and Forensic Accounting Costs Related to Litigation

The costs added back for adjusted net income purposes for the first quarter of 2014 reflects the legal and forensic accounting costs not covered by insurance (recorded as SG&A expense) incurred by the Company in relation to specific litigation matters out of the ordinary course of business as outlined in the Company's Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2014.

NET INCOME **(ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY)**

Three months ended March 31, 2015 to three months ended March 31, 2014 comparison

	Three months ended		Three months ended		\$ Change	% Change
	March 31, 2015		March 31, 2014			
Net Income	\$	30,419	\$	16,691	13,728	82.2%
Adjusted Net Income	\$	30,419	\$	17,556	12,863	73.3%
Net Income per Share						
Basic	\$	0.36	\$	0.20		
Diluted	\$	0.36	\$	0.20		
Adjusted Net Income per Share						
Basic	\$	0.36	\$	0.21		
Diluted	\$	0.36	\$	0.21		

Net income, before adjustments, for the first quarter of 2015 increased by \$13.7 million to \$30.4 million from \$16.7 million for the first quarter of 2014. Excluding the unusual and other item incurred during the first quarter of 2014 as explained in Table A under "Adjustments to Net Income", net income for the first quarter of 2015 increased to \$30.4 million or \$0.36 per share, on a basic and diluted basis, from \$17.6 million or \$0.21 per share, on a basic and diluted basis, for the first quarter of 2014.

Adjusted net income for the first quarter of 2015, as compared to the first quarter of 2014, was positively impacted by the following:

- productivity and efficiency improvements at certain operating facilities in particular in the Company's U.S. Metallic operations;
- the inclusion of 100% of the net earnings from Martinrea Honsel after the Company purchased the 45% non-controlling interest of the group on August 7, 2014 (see "Acquisition" section of the MD&A for further details on the transaction); and
- a net foreign exchange gain of \$2.6 million for the first quarter of 2015 compared to a net foreign exchange loss of \$0.3 million for the first quarter of 2014.

These factors were partially offset by the following:

- increased pre-operating and launch costs, in particular at new operating facilities in Spain, Mexico, China, and Riverside, Missouri as these new plants prepare for upcoming new program launches;
- operational inefficiencies and other costs at certain other facilities;
- lower production volumes in the Company's Martinrea Honsel German operations;
- the positive resolution of commercial disputes in the Company's European operations which positively impacted the first quarter of 2014 as compared to the first quarter of 2015;
- a higher effective tax rate on adjusted earnings due generally to the mix of earnings (23.3% for the first quarter of 2015 compared to 17.4% for the first quarter of 2014); and
- year-over-year increases in SG&A expense as previously discussed, research and development expenses, due mainly to increased amortization of development costs, and finance expense related to increased levels of debt primarily used to sustain the increased level of capital expenditures related to new program launches and fund the purchase of the 45% non-controlling interest of Martinrea Honsel on August 7, 2014 (see "Acquisition" section of the MD&A for further details on the transaction).

ADDITIONS TO PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Three months ended March 31, 2015 to three months ended March 31, 2014 comparison

	Three months ended		Three months ended		\$ Change	% Change
	March 31, 2015		March 31, 2014			
Additions to Property, Plant and Equipment	\$	47,337	\$	37,051	10,286	27.8%

Additions to property, plant and equipment increased by \$10.3 million to \$47.3 million in the first quarter of 2015 from \$37.0 million in the first quarter of 2014. Additions as a percentage of sales increased year-over-year to 5.2% for the first quarter of 2015 compared to 4.3% for the first quarter of 2014. While capital expenditures are made to refurbish or replace assets consumed in the normal course of business and for productivity improvements, a large portion of the investment in the first quarter of 2015 continued to be for manufacturing equipment and multiple expansions for programs that recently launched or will be launching over the next 24 months.

DIVIDEND

A cash dividend of \$0.03 per share has been declared by the Board of Directors payable to shareholders of record on June 30, 2015 on or about July 15, 2015.

ABOUT MARTINREA

Martinrea currently employs over 14,000 skilled and motivated people in 44 operating divisions in Canada, the United States, Mexico, Brazil, Germany, Slovakia, Spain and China.

Martinrea's vision for the future is to be the best, preferred and most valued automotive parts supplier in the world in the products and services we provide our customers. The Company's mission is to deliver: outstanding quality products and services to our customers; meaningful opportunity, job satisfaction and job security to our people through competitiveness and prudent growth; superior long term investment returns to our stakeholders; and positive contributions to our communities as good corporate citizens.

CONFERENCE CALL DETAILS

A conference call to discuss the financial results will be held on Wednesday, May 6, 2015 at 8:00 a.m. (Toronto time) which can be accessed by dialing 416-340-8410 or toll free 866-225-2055. Please call 10 minutes prior to the start of the conference call.

If you have any teleconferencing questions, please call Andre La Rosa at (416) 749-0314.

There will also be a rebroadcast of the call available by dialing (905) 694-9451 or toll free (800) 408-3053 (conference id – 9207366#). The rebroadcast will be available until May 20, 2015.

FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Press Release contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities laws including related to the expectations of, improvements in, expansion of and/or guidance as to revenue, gross margin and earnings per share, statements as to the growth of the Company, opening of facilities and pursuit of its strategies, the launching of new programs including expectations as to the financial impact of launches, statements as to the progress and expectations of operational and productivity improvements and efficiencies, statements as to the reduction of costs, the Company's views on the long term outlook of the automotive industry and economic recovery, the Company's ability to capitalize on opportunities in the automotive industry, and as well as other forward-looking statements. The words "continue", "expect", "anticipate", "estimate", "may", "will", "should", "views", "intend", "believe", "plan" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are based on estimates and assumptions made by the Company in light of its experience and its perception of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments, as well as other factors that the Company believes are appropriate in the circumstances. Many factors could cause the Company's actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements, including, without limitation, the following factors, some of which are discussed in detail in the Company's Annual Information Form and other public filings which can be found at www.sedar.com:

- North American and global economic and political conditions;
- the highly cyclical nature of the automotive industry and the industry's dependence on consumer spending and general economic conditions;
- the Company's dependence on a limited number of significant customers;
- financial viability of suppliers;
- the Company's reliance on critical suppliers and on suppliers for components and the risk that suppliers will not be able to supply components on a timely basis or in sufficient quantities;
- competition;
- the increasing pressure on the Company to absorb costs related to product design and development, engineering, program management, prototypes, validation and tooling;
- increased pricing of raw materials;
- outsourcing and insourcing trends;

- the risk of increased costs associated with product warranty and recalls together with the associated liability;
- the Company's ability to enhance operations and manufacturing techniques;
- dependence on key personnel;
- limited financial resources;
- risks associated with the integration of acquisitions;
- costs associated with rationalization of production facilities;
- launch costs;
- the potential volatility of the Company's share price;
- changes in governmental regulations or laws including any changes to the North American Free Trade Agreement;
- labour disputes;
- litigation;
- currency risk;
- fluctuations in operating results;
- internal controls over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures;
- environmental regulation;
- a shift away from technologies in which the Company is investing;
- competition with low cost countries;
- the Company's ability to shift its manufacturing footprint to take advantage of opportunities in emerging markets;
- risks of conducting business in foreign countries, including China, Brazil and other growing markets;
- potential tax exposure;
- a change in the Company's mix of earnings between jurisdictions with lower tax rates and those with higher tax rates, as well as the Company's ability to fully benefit from tax losses;
- under-funding of pension plans; and
- the cost of post-employment benefits.

These factors should be considered carefully, and readers should not place undue reliance on the Company's forward-looking statements. The Company has no intention and undertakes no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

The common shares of Martinrea trade on The Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol "MRE".

For further information, please contact:

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 Vaughan, Ontario L4K 5B2

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 Fax: (289) 982-3001

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
OF OPERATING RESULTS AND FINANCIAL POSITION

For the three months ended March 31, 2015

The following management discussion and analysis (“MD&A”) was prepared as of May 5, 2015 and should be read in conjunction with the Company’s unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2015 (“interim consolidated financial statements”), as well as the Company’s audited consolidated financial statements and MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2014 together with the notes thereto. All amounts in this MD&A are in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise stated; and all tabular amounts are in thousands of Canadian dollars, except earnings per share and number of shares. Additional information about the Company, including the Company’s Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2014, can be found at www.sedar.com.

OVERVIEW

Martinrea International Inc. (TSX:MRE) (“Martinrea” or the “Company”) is a leader in the production and development of quality metal parts, assemblies and modules, fluid management systems and complex aluminum products focused primarily on the automotive sector. Martinrea currently employs over 14,000 skilled and motivated people in 44 operating divisions in Canada, the United States, Mexico, Brazil, Germany, Slovakia, Spain and China.

Martinrea’s vision for the future is to be the best, preferred and most valued automotive parts supplier in the world in the products and services we provide our customers. The Company’s mission is to deliver: outstanding quality products and services to our customers; meaningful opportunity, job satisfaction and job security to our people through competitiveness and prudent growth; superior long term investment returns to our stakeholders; and positive contributions to our communities as good corporate citizens.

Results of operations include certain unusual and other items which have been separately disclosed, where appropriate, in order to provide a clear assessment of the underlying Company results. In addition to IFRS measures, the management uses non-IFRS measures in the Company’s disclosures that it believes provides the most appropriate basis on which to evaluate the Company’s results.

OVERALL RESULTS

The following table sets out certain highlights of the Company’s performance for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014. Refer to the Company’s interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2015 for a detailed account of the Company’s performance for both periods presented in the table below.

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Sales for the first quarter of 2015 in the Company's North America operating segment increased by \$49.5 million or 7.5% to \$713.1 million from \$663.7 million for the first quarter of 2014. The increase was due to the launch of new programs during or subsequent to

the first quarter of 2014, including the new Chrysler 200 and Ford Edge; a \$1.6 million increase in tooling sales, which are typically dependent on the timing of tooling construction and final acceptance by the customer; and the impact of foreign exchange on the translation of U.S. denominated production sales, which had a positive impact on overall sales for the first quarter of 2015 of \$58.0 million as compared to the first quarter of 2014. These positive factors were offset by lower year-over-year OEM production volumes on certain OEM light-vehicle platforms including the Chrysler Minivan platform, which is scheduled to be down for thirteen weeks in 2015 for re-tooling, the Ford Fusion and other light-vehicle platforms late in their life cycle.

Sales for the first quarter of 2015 in the Company's Europe operating segment increased by \$3.7 million or 2.0% to \$187.4 million from \$183.7 million for the first quarter of 2014. The increase can be attributed to new incremental aluminum business with Jaguar Land Rover and a \$1.3 million increase in tooling sales, which are typically dependent on the timing of tooling construction and final acceptance by the customer; partially offset by the impact of foreign exchange on the translation of Euro denominated production sales, which had a negative impact on overall sales for the first quarter of 2015 of \$8.5 million as compared to the first quarter of 2014, and lower overall production volumes in the Company's Martinrea Honsel German operations.

Sales for the first quarter of 2015 in the Company's Rest of the World operating segment decreased by \$0.2 million or 1.0% to \$17.0 million from \$17.2 million in the first quarter of 2014. The slight decrease can be attributed to a year-over-year decrease in overall OEM light and medium heavy vehicle production in Brazil, partially offset by a \$0.7 million increase in tooling sales and an increase in production sales in the Company's new fluids systems plant in China, which began operations in 2013 and continues to ramp up its backlog of business.

Overall tooling sales increased by \$3.6 million to \$30.5 million for the first quarter of 2015 from \$26.9 million for the first quarter of 2014.

GROSS MARGIN

Three months ended March 31, 2015 to three months ended March 31, 2014 comparison

	Three months ended March 31, 2015	Three months ended March 31, 2014	\$ Change	% Change
Gross margin	\$ 95,639	\$ 87,479	8,160	9.3%
% of sales	10.4%	10.1%		

The gross margin percentage for the first quarter of 2015 of 10.4% increased as a percentage of sales by 0.3% as compared to the gross margin percentage for the first quarter of 2014 of 10.1%. The increase in gross margin as a percentage of sales was generally due to productivity and efficiency improvements at certain operating facilities, in particular in the Company's U.S. Metallic operations, partially offset by the following:

- increased pre-operating and launch costs, in particular at new operating facilities in Spain, Mexico, China and Riverside, Missouri as these new plants prepare for upcoming new program launches;
- operational inefficiencies and other costs at certain other facilities;
- lower production volumes in the Company's Martinrea Honsel German operations; and
- the positive resolution of commercial disputes in the Company's European operations which positively impacted the first quarter of 2014 as compared to the first quarter of 2015.

SELLING, GENERAL & ADMINISTRATIVE ("SG&A")

Three months ended March 31, 2015 to three months ended March 31, 2014 comparison

	Three months ended March 31, 2015	Three months ended March 31, 2014	\$ Change	% Change
Selling, general & administrative	\$ 44,677	\$ 43,331	1,346	3.1%
% of sales	4.9%	5.0%		

SG&A expense, before adjustments, for the first quarter of 2015 increased by \$1.3 million to \$44.7 million as compared to \$43.3 million for the first quarter of 2014. Excluding the unusual and other item recorded in SG&A expense incurred in the first quarter of 2014 explained in Table A under "Adjustments to Net Income", SG&A expense for the first quarter of 2015 increased by \$2.5 million to \$44.7 million from \$42.2 million for the comparative period of 2014. The increase is predominantly due to costs incurred at new and/or expanded facilities, including incremental employment levels to support the growth in the business. SG&A expenses are being monitored and managed on a continuous basis in order to optimize costs.

Excluding the unusual and other item recorded in SG&A expense incurred in the first quarter of 2014 as explained in Table A under "Adjustments to Net Income", SG&A expense as a percentage of sales remained consistent year-over-year at 4.9% for both the first quarters of 2015 and 2014.

DEPRECIATION OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT ("PP&E") AND AMORTIZATION OF INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Three months ended March 31, 2015 to three months ended March 31, 2014 comparison

	Three months ended March 31, 2015	Three months ended March 31, 2014	\$ Change	% Change
Depreciation of PP&E (production)	\$ 26,895	\$ 24,131	2,764	11.5%
Depreciation of PP&E (non-production)	1,687	1,464	223	15.2%
Amortization of customer contracts and relationships	539	343	196	57.1%
Amortization of development costs	2,662	2,104	558	26.5%
Total depreciation and amortization	\$ 31,783	\$ 28,042	3,741	13.3%

Total depreciation and amortization expense for the first quarter of 2015 increased by \$3.8 million to \$31.8 million as compared to \$28.0 million for the first quarter of 2014. The increase in total depreciation and amortization expense was primarily due to increases in depreciation expense on a larger PP&E base resulting from a growing book of business and amortization of development costs as new programs, specifically for which development costs were incurred, start production and reach peak volumes. A significant portion of the Company's recent investments relates to various new program launches put to use during or subsequent to the first quarter of 2014 as the Company has continued to work through its launch backlog. The Company continues to make significant investments in the business in light of a large backlog of business and a growing global footprint.

Depreciation of PP&E (production) expense as a percentage of sales remained relatively consistent year-over-year at 2.9% for the first quarter of 2015 compared to 2.8% for the first quarter of 2014.

ADJUSTMENTS TO NET INCOME

(ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY)

Adjusted net income excludes certain unusual and other items, as set out in the following table and described in the notes thereto. Management uses adjusted net income as a measurement of operating performance of the Company and believes that, in conjunction with IFRS measures, it provides useful information about the financial performance and condition of the Company.

TABLE A

	For the three months ended March 31, 2015 (a)	For the three months ended March 31, 2014 (b)	(a)-(b) Change
NET INCOME (A)	\$30,419	\$16,691	\$13,728
Add back - Unusual and Other Items:			
External legal and forensic accounting costs related to litigation (1)	-	1,153	(1,153)
TOTAL UNUSUAL AND OTHER ITEMS BEFORE TAX	-	\$1,153	\$(1,153)
Tax impact of above item	-	(288)	288
TOTAL UNUSUAL AND OTHER ITEMS AFTER TAX (B)	-	\$865	\$(865)
ADJUSTED NET INCOME (A + B)	\$30,419	\$17,556	\$12,863
Number of Shares Outstanding – Basic ('000)	85,080	84,480	
Adjusted Basic Net Income Per Share	\$0.36	\$0.21	
Number of Shares Outstanding – Diluted ('000)	85,685	85,044	
Adjusted Diluted Net Income Per Share	\$0.36	\$0.21	

(1) External Legal and Forensic Accounting Costs Related to Litigation

The costs added back for adjusted net income purposes for the first quarter of 2014 reflects the legal and forensic accounting costs not covered by insurance (recorded as SG&A expense) incurred by the Company in relation to specific litigation matters out of the ordinary course of business as outlined in the Company's Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2014.

NET INCOME
(ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY)

Three months ended March 31, 2015 to three months ended March 31, 2014 comparison

	Three months ended March 31, 2015		Three months ended March 31, 2014		\$ Change	% Change
Net Income	\$	30,419	\$	16,691	13,728	82.2%
Adjusted Net Income	\$	30,419	\$	17,556	12,863	73.3%
Net Income per Share						
Basic	\$	0.36	\$	0.20		
Diluted	\$	0.36	\$	0.20		
Adjusted Net Income per Share						
Basic	\$	0.36	\$	0.21		
Diluted	\$	0.36	\$	0.21		

Net income, before adjustments, for the first quarter of 2015 increased by \$13.7 million to \$30.4 million from \$16.7 million for the first quarter of 2014. Excluding the unusual and other item incurred during the first quarter of 2014 as explained in Table A under "Adjustments to Net Income", net income for the first quarter of 2015 increased to \$30.4 million or \$0.36 per share, on a basic and diluted basis, from \$17.6 million or \$0.21 per share, on a basic and diluted basis, for the first quarter of 2014.

Adjusted net income for the first quarter of 2015, as compared to the first quarter of 2014, was positively impacted by the following:

- productivity and efficiency improvements at certain operating facilities in particular in the Company's U.S. Metallic operations;
- the inclusion of 100% of the net earnings from Martinrea Honsel after the Company purchased the 45% non-controlling interest of the group on August 7, 2014 (see "Acquisition" section of this MD&A for further details on the transaction); and
- a net foreign exchange gain of \$2.6 million for the first quarter of 2015 compared to a net foreign exchange loss of \$0.3 million for the first quarter of 2014.

These factors were partially offset by the following:

- increased pre-operating and launch costs, in particular at new operating facilities in Spain, Mexico, China, and Riverside, Missouri as these new plants prepare for upcoming new program launches;
- operational inefficiencies and other costs at certain other facilities;
- lower production volumes in the Company's Martinrea Honsel German operations;
- the positive resolution of commercial disputes in the Company's European operations which positively impacted the first quarter of 2014 as compared to the first quarter of 2015;
- a higher effective tax rate on adjusted earnings due generally to the mix of earnings (23.3% for the first quarter of 2015 compared to 17.4% for the first quarter of 2014); and
- year-over-year increases in SG&A expense as previously discussed, research and development expenses due mainly to increased amortization of development costs, and finance expense related to increased levels of debt primarily used to sustain the increased level of capital expenditures related to new program launches and to fund the purchase of the 45% non-controlling interest of Martinrea Honsel on August 7, 2014 (see "Acquisition" section of this MD&A for further details on the transaction).

Three months ended March 31, 2105 actual to guidance comparison

On March 19, 2015, the Company provided the following guidance for the first quarter of 2015:

		Guidance	Actual
Production sales (in Millions)	\$	860 – 900	\$ 887
Adjusted Net Income per Share Basic & Diluted	\$	0.31 – 0.35	\$ 0.36

For the first quarter of 2015, while production revenue of \$887 million was within the range of published guidance, adjusted net income per share of \$0.36 exceeded the high end of the range as a result of stronger than expected performance in March and foreign exchange gains during the quarter.

ADDITIONS TO PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Three months ended March 31, 2015 to three months ended March 31, 2014 comparison

	Three months ended March 31, 2015	Three months ended M arch 31, 2014	\$ Change	% Change
Additions to Property, Plant and Equipment	\$ 47,337	\$ 37,051	10,286	27.8%

Additions to property, plant and equipment increased by \$10.3 million to \$47.3 million in the first quarter of 2015 from \$37.0 million in the first quarter of 2014. Additions as a percentage of sales increased year-over-year to 5.2% for the first quarter of 2015 compared to 4.3% for the first quarter of 2014. While capital expenditures are made to refurbish or replace assets consumed in the normal course of business and for productivity improvements, a large portion of the investment in the first quarter of 2015 continued to be for manufacturing equipment and multiple expansions for programs that recently launched or will be launching over the next 24 months.

SEGMENT ANALYSIS

The Company defines its operating segments as components of its business where separate financial information is available and routinely evaluated by the Company's chief operating decision maker which is the Chief Executive Officer. Given the differences between the regions in which the Company operates, Martinrea's operations are segmented and aggregated on a geographic basis between North America, Europe and Rest of the World. The Company measures segment operating performance based on operating income.

Three months ended March 31, 2015 to three months ended March 31, 2014 comparison

	SALES		OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)*	
	Three months ended March 31, 2015	Three months ended March 31, 2014	Three months ended March 31, 2015	Three months ended March 31, 2014
North America	\$ 713,119	\$ 663,664	\$ 37,527	\$ 22,521
Europe	187,401	183,653	8,368	17,674
Rest of the World	17,011	17,176	(2,185)	(1,483)
Adjusted Operating Income	-	-	\$ 43,710	\$ 38,712
Unusual and Other Items*	-	-	-	(1,153)
Total	\$ 917,531	\$ 864,493	\$ 43,710	\$ 37,559

*Operating income for the operating segments has been adjusted for unusual and other items. The unusual and other items noted above were incurred within the North America operating segment and are fully explained under "Adjustments to Net Income" in this MD&A.

North America

Adjusted operating income in North America increased by \$15.0 million to \$37.5 million for the first quarter of 2015 from \$22.5 million for the first quarter of 2014. Operating income in North America was positively impacted by productivity and efficiency improvements at certain operating facilities in particular in the Company's U.S. Metallic operations, partially offset by pre-operating and launch costs, in particular at two new operating facilities in Mexico and Riverside, Missouri as the new plants prepare for upcoming new program launches, and operational inefficiencies and other costs at certain other facilities.

Europe

Operating income in Europe decreased by \$9.3 million to \$8.4 million for the first quarter of 2015 from \$17.7 million for the first quarter of 2014. The operating results in Europe were negatively impacted by program specific launch costs and pre-operating costs at a new operating facility in Spain, as the plant prepares for a significant upcoming new program launch, lower production volumes in the Company's Martinrea Honsel German operations, and the resolution of commercial disputes which positively impact the first quarter of 2014 as compared to the first quarter of 2015.

Rest of the World

The operating results for the Rest of the World operating segment decreased year-over-year. The decrease in operating results was primarily due to lower production volumes in Brazil and pre-operating costs at a new aluminum operating facility in China as the plant prepares for its inaugural new program launch in 2016.

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

	2015		2014			2013		
	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2
Sales	917,531	943,781	859,456	930,915	864,493	858,624	767,861	826,274
Gross margin	95,639	86,474	78,076	95,863	87,479	73,475	83,663	91,183
Net income for the period	30,508	11,926	21,205	29,626	26,659	(44,074)	26,387	32,111
Net income attributable to equity holders of the Company	30,419	11,921	19,384	23,308	16,691	(51,425)	20,973	27,514
Basic Net Earnings (loss) per Share	0.36	0.14	0.23	0.28	0.20	(0.61)	0.25	0.33
Diluted Net Earnings (loss) per Share	0.36	0.14	0.23	0.27	0.20	(0.60)	0.25	0.33
Adjusted Basic Net Earnings per Share	0.36	0.27	0.23	0.28	0.21	0.17	0.25	0.33
Adjusted Diluted Net Earnings per Share	0.36	0.27	0.23	0.28	0.21	0.17	0.25	0.33

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company's financial condition remains solid, which can be attributed to the Company's low cost structure, reasonable level of debt, prospects for growth and significant new program launches. As at March 31, 2015, the Company had total equity attributable to equity holders of the Company of \$634.1 million. As at March 31, 2015, the Company's ratio of current assets to current liabilities was 1.27:1, generally consistent with recent quarters. The Company's current working capital level of \$208.1 million and existing financing facilities (discussed below) are sufficient to cover the anticipated working capital needs of the Company. Management expects that all future capital expenditures will be financed by cash flow from operations, utilization of existing financing facilities or asset backed financing.

CASH FLOWS

Three months ended March 31, 2015 to three months ended March 31, 2014 comparison

	Three months ended March 31, 2015	Three months ended March 31, 2014	\$ Change	% Change
Cash provided by operations before changes in non-cash working capital items	\$ 78,353	\$ 68,303	10,050	14.7%
Change in non-cash working capital items	(46,664)	(43,594)	(3,070)	7.0%
Interest paid	31,689	24,709	6,980	28.2%
Income taxes paid	(5,188)	(4,712)	(476)	10.1%
	(22,428)	(12,242)	(10,186)	83.2%
Cash provided by operating activities	4,073	7,755	(3,682)	(47.5%)
Cash provided by financing activities	13,111	24,227	(11,116)	(45.9%)
Cash used in investing activities	(48,678)	(45,641)	(3,037)	6.7%
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	(233)	620	(853)	(137.6%)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (31,727)	\$ (13,039)	(18,688)	143.3%

Cash provided by operating activities during the first quarter of 2015 was \$4.1 million, compared to cash provided by operating activities of \$7.8 million in the corresponding period of 2014. The components for the first quarter of 2015 primarily include the following:

- cash provided by operations before changes in non-cash working capital items of \$78.4 million;
- working capital items use of cash of \$46.7 million comprised of an increase in trade and other receivables of \$75.5 million and an increase prepaid expenses and deposits of \$2.9 million; partially offset by a decrease in inventories of \$0.4 million and an increase in trade, other payables and provisions of \$31.3 million;
- interest paid (excluding capitalized interest) of \$5.2 million; and
- income taxes paid of \$22.4 million due to the timing of final income tax payments for 2014 and instalments for 2015.

Cash provided by financing activities during the first quarter of 2015 was \$13.1 million, compared to \$24.2 million in the corresponding period in 2014, as a result of \$19.1 million drawn on the Company's amended banking facility (see below under "Financing") primarily to fund the increase in working capital during the quarter, and \$6.2 million in proceeds from the exercise of employee stock options during the year; partially offset by \$9.6 million of scheduled debt repayments on asset based financing arrangements and \$2.5 million in dividends paid.

Cash used in investing activities during the first quarter of 2015 was \$48.7 million, compared to \$45.6 million in the corresponding period in 2014. The components for the first quarter of 2015 primarily include the following:

- cash additions to PP&E of \$46.5 million;
- capitalized development costs relating to upcoming new program launches of \$4.0 million; partially offset by
- proceeds from the disposal of property, plant and equipment of \$1.8 million.

Taking into account the opening cash balance of \$52.4 million at the beginning of the first quarter of 2015, and the activities described above, the cash and cash equivalents balance at March 31, 2015 was \$20.7 million.

Financing

On August 6, 2014, the Company's banking facility was amended to increase the total available revolving credit lines under the facility and add two new banks to the lending syndicate. The increase in credit lines facilitated the purchase of the 45% non-controlling interest in Martinrea Honsel as further described below. The primary terms of the amended banking facility, with a syndicate of nine banks, are as follows:

- available revolving credit lines of \$300 million and US \$350 million;
- available asset based financing capacity of \$205 million;
- no mandatory principal repayment provisions;
- an accordion feature which provides the Company with the ability to increase the revolving credit facility by up to \$100 million;
- pricing terms at market rates; and
- a maturity date of August 2018.

As at March 31, 2015, the Company had drawn \$273.0 million on the Canadian revolving credit line and US\$255.0 million on the U.S. revolving credit line.

Net debt (i.e. long term debt less cash on hand) increased by approximately \$72.8 million from \$640.0 million at December 31, 2014 to \$712.8 million at March 31, 2015, due primarily to the impact of foreign exchange translation on U.S. denominated debt of \$32.4 million and the seasonal increase in working capital during the first quarter of the year which was financed through drawdowns on the Company's banking facility.

The Company was in compliance with its debt covenants as at March 31, 2015.

Dividends

In the second quarter of 2013, Martinrea's Board of Directors approved, for the first time, a dividend to be paid to all holders of Martinrea common shares. Annual dividends are to be \$0.12 per share, to be paid in four quarterly payments of \$0.03 per share. The first quarterly dividend payment of \$0.03 per share was paid on July 11, 2013; with successive quarterly dividends paid thereafter, the most recent quarterly dividend being paid on April 30, 2015. The declaration and payment of future dividends will be subject to the Company's cash requirements as well as satisfaction of statutory tests. In addition, the Board will assess future dividend payment levels from time to time, in light of the Company's financial performance and then current and anticipated needs at that time.

Guarantees

The Company is a guarantor under certain tooling finance programs negotiated originally in 2004 and amended in 2013 that provide direct financing for the tooling on specific programs. The tooling finance program involves a third party that provides tooling suppliers with financing subject to a Company guarantee for a period of six to eighteen months depending upon the duration of the tooling program and the subsequent customer tooling payment. The amounts loaned to tooling suppliers through this financing arrangement do not appear on the Company's balance sheet. At March 31, 2015 the amount of off-balance sheet program financing was \$19.1 million (December 31, 2014 - \$17.2 million). As is customary in the automotive industry, tooling costs are ultimately paid for by customers of the Company generally upon acceptance of the final prototypes and commencement of commercial production.

ACQUISITIONS

On July 29, 2011, the Company closed an agreement to purchase a controlling interest in the assets of Honsel, a German-based leading supplier of aluminum components for the automotive and industrial sectors forming the Martinrea Honsel group. The Company partnered with Anchorage Capital Group L.L.C. ("Anchorage") in the transaction, acquiring 55%, with Anchorage owning the remaining 45%.

Martinrea Honsel develops and manufactures complex aluminum products using state-of-the-art production technologies including high pressure die-casting, permanent mold and sand casting as well as extruding and rolling. Martinrea Honsel produces four major product lines: engine products such as engine blocks, cylinder heads and oil pans; transmission products, such as housings and control parts; suspension products, such as engine cradles; and body parts, such as front boards and extrusion profiles.

The Martinrea Honsel Group provides the Company with a significant presence in the aluminum automotive parts market, and broadens the Company's metal forming capabilities and offerings. It also creates a more significant geographic presence outside North America, which the Company intends to grow over time. The Company's customer base was further expanded with the acquisition, with many of the larger European based OEMs being significant customers of Martinrea Honsel.

Initially, the 2011 purchase transaction envisaged the purchase of all of Honsel's operations, which included plants in Germany located in Meschede, Nuremberg, Soest, and Nuttlar, as well as Madrid, Spain, Queretaro, Mexico, and Monte Mor, Brazil. The Nuremberg facility was subsequently sold to ZF Friedrichshafen AG ("ZF"), the primary customer of the facility, immediately after the closing of the

purchase transaction. After factoring in the sale of the Nuremburg facility to ZF, the net cash consideration for the acquisition was €62,125 (\$85,272), of which Martinrea's 55% portion was €34,169 (\$46,900).

As part of the transaction, the Company granted Anchorage a put option which, if exercised, would have required the Company to purchase Anchorage's 45% interest in Martinrea Honsel Holdings B.V. The put option would have become effective on April 1, 2015 with an expiry date of October 1, 2017. The put option provided a formula for determining the purchase price of the shares, designed to estimate the fair value of the non-controlling interest at the time the option is exercised. The put option provided an arbitration mechanism in the event that the two parties were unable to agree on the ultimate price.

On August 7, 2014, prior to the put option becoming exercisable, Martinrea acquired from Anchorage the remaining 45% equity interest in the Martinrea Honsel Group for a negotiated purchase price of €160,000 (\$235,667 Canadian). Effective August 7, 2014, the Martinrea Honsel Group is wholly owned by Martinrea. The transaction resulted in the carrying value of the put option liability on the date of the transaction being reversed out of other equity and the carrying amount of Anchorage's share of equity in Martinrea Honsel being reversed from non-controlling interest. The \$127,198 difference of the consideration paid and the carrying amount of the non-controlling interest at the date of the transaction was recognized in accumulated deficit.

The acquisition while bringing many benefits to Martinrea also provides some risks for the Company. Both the initial 2011 purchase of the 55% controlling interest and subsequent purchase of the remaining 45% equity interest in Martinrea Honsel were financed by the Company using available credit lines, which has increased the Company's debt levels. See also "Risks and Uncertainties".

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The reader is referred to the detailed discussion on Industry Highlights and Trends and Risks and Uncertainties as outlined in the Company's Annual Information Form dated March 19, 2015 and available through SEDAR at www.sedar.com which are incorporated herein by reference. These risk factors could materially and adversely affect the Company's future operating results and could cause actual events to differ materially from those described in forward-looking statements relating to the Company.

DISCLOSURE OF OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

As at May 5, 2015, the Company had 85,756,283 common shares outstanding. The Company's common shares constitute its only class of voting securities. As at May 5, 2015, options to acquire 4,814,002 common shares were outstanding.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS AND OFF BALANCE SHEET FINANCING

During the three months ended March 31, 2015, there has been no material change in the table of contractual obligations specified in the Company's MD&A for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014.

The Company has negotiated tool financing facilities that provide direct financing for specific programs. The tool financing program involves a third party that provides tooling suppliers with financing subject to a Company guarantee. Payments from the third party to the tooling supplier are approved by the Company prior to the funds being advanced. The amounts loaned to tooling suppliers through this financing arrangement do not appear on the Company's balance sheet. At March 31, 2015, the amount of the off balance sheet program financing was \$19.1 million representing the maximum amount of undiscounted future payments the Company could be required to make under the guarantee. The Company would be required to perform under the guarantee in cases where a tooling supplier could not meet its obligation to the third party. Since the amount advanced to the tooling supplier is required to be repaid generally when the Company receives reimbursement from the final customer, and at this point the Company will in turn repay the tooling supplier, the Company views the likelihood of a tooling supplier default as remote. Moreover, if such an instance were to occur, the Company would obtain the tool inventory as collateral. The term of the guarantee will vary from program to program, but typically ranges between 6-18 months.

Financial Instruments

The Company periodically utilizes certain financial instruments, principally forward currency exchange contracts, to manage the risk associated with fluctuations in currency exchange rates. It is the Company's policy to not utilize financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes. Forward currency exchange contracts are used to reduce the impact of fluctuating exchange rates on the Company's foreign denominated sales and the Company's purchases of materials and equipment. Gains and losses on forward foreign exchange contracts are reflected in the consolidated financial statements in the same period as the hedged item. In the event that a

hedged item is sold or cancelled prior to the termination of the related hedging item, any unrealized gain or loss on the hedging item is immediately recognized in income.

At March 31, 2015, the Company had committed to trade U.S. dollars in exchange for the following:

<u>Currency</u>	<u>Amount of U.S. dollars</u>	<u>Weighted average exchange rate of U.S. dollars</u>	<u>Maximum period in months</u>
Buy Canadian Dollars	\$ 10,000	1.1696	9
Buy Mexican Peso	460	15.2200	1

The aggregate value of these forward contracts as at March 31, 2015 was a loss of \$1,000 and was recorded in trade and other payables (December 31, 2014 - loss of \$9 recorded in trade and other payables).

DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES AND INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

There have been no changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting during the most recent interim period that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, its internal control over financial reporting.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

Included in the Company's 2014 annual consolidated financial statements, as well as in the Company's 2014 annual MD&A, are the accounting policies under IFRS and estimates that are critical to the understanding of the business and to the results of operations. For the three months ended March 31, 2015 there were no changes to the critical accounting policies and estimates of the Company from those found in the 2014 annual MD&A, except for the following new accounting standards recently adopted.

IFRS 38, Intangible Assets and IAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment

Effective January 1, 2015, the Company adopted amendments made to IAS 38, Intangible Assets and IAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment. The amendments to these standards introduced a rebuttable presumption that the use of revenue-based amortization methods is inappropriate.

The adoption of these amended standards did not have a significant impact on the interim condensed consolidated financial statements in the current or comparative periods.

OUTLOOK

The automotive industry is traditionally an extremely challenging business, characterized at the OEM level by intense competition for market share, rebates to consumers and drives for quality and profits and characterized at the supplier level by price reductions, increasing quality standards, higher input prices and a declining number of qualified suppliers in the normal course or as a result of insolvencies and consolidation. The challenges of the industry were exacerbated by the 2008-2009 economic recession and the financial distress in the industry involving both OEMs and suppliers particularly evidenced by the bankruptcy filings of Chrysler and General Motors in the United States in 2009. The Company believes that the long term outlook of the automotive industry overall, while always challenging, is much improved from 2008 - 2010. In 2010, the North American automotive industry experienced a recovery in volume and revenues, as sales and production volumes increased from 2009 levels, although not to pre-recession levels. Production in 2011 through 2015 to date improved substantially. This has resulted in increasing revenues for most automotive OEMs and for suppliers who survived the automotive crisis of 2008 and 2009, including Martinrea.

There are many challenges, but opportunities will exist for innovative and cost effective suppliers who build great products in the short, medium and longer term. It is expected that growth in business for individual suppliers will occur as OEMs reduce the number of Tier 1 suppliers, continue to outsource product, and provide opportunities for new work and takeover business. The Company believes that its capabilities provide it with the ability to capitalize on a broad range of opportunities. The Company has built its footprint and continues to pursue its strategies, including recently the acquisition of the assets of Martinrea Honsel to broaden its product offerings and customer base, and will continue to do so in the future with a view to increasing revenue and profits over the longer term.

FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This MD&A and the documents incorporated by reference therein contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities laws including related to the Company's expectations as to revenue and gross margin percentage (and earnings per share), statements as to the growth of the Company and pursuit of its strategies, the launching of new metal forming and fluid systems programs, statements as to the progress of operational improvements and operational efficiencies, continued consolidation of automotive suppliers, the opportunity to increase sales, broad geographic penetration, the Company's expectations regarding the future amount and type of restructuring expenses to be expensed, statements as to the reduction of costs, the Company's expectation regarding the financing of future capital expenditures, the Company's views of the likelihood of tooling and component part supplier default, statements as to the benefits of the Honsel acquisition, and the Company's ability to capitalize on opportunities in the automotive industry and the Company's views on its liquidity and ability to deal with present economic conditions, the Company's statement as to Internal Controls and the payment of dividends as well as other forward-looking statements. The words "continue", "expect", "anticipate", "estimate", "may", "will", "should", "views", "intend", "believe", "plan" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are based on estimates and assumptions made by the Company in light of its experience and its perception of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments, as well as other factors that the Company believes are appropriate in the circumstances. Many factors could cause the Company's actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements, including, without limitation, the following factors, some of which are discussed in detail in the Company's Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2014 and other public filings which can be found at www.sedar.com:

- North American and global economic and political conditions;
- the highly cyclical nature of the automotive industry and the industry's dependence on consumer spending and general economic conditions;
- the Company's dependence on a limited number of significant customers;
- financial viability of suppliers;
- the Company's reliance on critical suppliers and on suppliers for components and the risk that suppliers will not be able to supply components on a timely basis or in sufficient quantities;
- competition;
- the increasing pressure on the Company to absorb costs related to product design and development, engineering, program management, prototypes, validation and tooling;
- increased pricing of raw materials;
- outsourcing and in-sourcing trends;
- the risk of increased costs associated with product warranty and recalls together with the associated liability;
- the Company's ability to enhance operations and manufacturing techniques;
- dependence on key personnel;
- limited financial resources;
- risks associated with the integration of acquisitions;
- costs associated with rationalization of production facilities;
- launch costs;
- the potential volatility of the Company's share price;
- changes in governmental regulations or laws including any changes to the North American Free Trade Agreement;
- labour disputes;
- litigation;
- currency risk;
- fluctuations in operating results;
- internal controls over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures;
- environmental regulation;
- a shift away from technologies in which the Company is investing;
- competition with low cost countries;
- the Company's ability to shift its manufacturing footprint to take advantage of opportunities in emerging markets;
- risks of conducting business in foreign countries, including China, Brazil and other growing markets;
- potential tax exposures;
- a change in the Company's mix of earnings between jurisdictions with lower tax rates and those with higher tax rates, as well as the Company's ability to fully benefit from tax losses;
- under-funding of pension plans; and

- the cost of post-employment benefits.

These factors should be considered carefully, and readers should not place undue reliance on the Company's forward-looking statements. The Company has no intention and undertakes no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

MARTINREA INTERNATIONAL INC.

NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT

The accompanying unaudited interim financial report of Martinrea International Inc. (the “Company”) has been prepared by and is the responsibility of the Company’s management.

The Company’s independent auditor has not performed a review of this interim financial report in accordance with the standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of the interim financial report by an entity’s auditor.

(Signed) “Fred Di Tosto”

Fred Di Tosto
Chief Financial Officer

Date: May 5, 2015



**MARTINREA INTERNATIONAL INC.
INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

Martinrea International Inc.

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Martinrea International Inc.
Interim Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(in thousands of Canadian dollars) (unaudited)

	Note	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 20,674	\$ 52,401
Trade and other receivables	3	620,431	520,844
Inventories	4	328,164	313,436
Prepaid expenses and deposits		13,474	10,039
Income taxes recoverable		9,077	8,321
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		991,820	905,041
Property, plant and equipment	5	1,053,206	984,681
Deferred income tax assets		169,656	153,367
Intangible assets	6	76,509	71,806
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		1,299,371	1,209,854
TOTAL ASSETS		\$ 2,291,191	\$ 2,114,895
LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	7	\$ 713,612	\$ 645,862
Provisions	8	4,488	5,504
Income taxes payable		25,100	31,140
Current portion of long-term debt	9	40,476	37,526
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		783,676	720,032
Long-term debt	9	693,013	654,916
Pension and other post-retirement benefits		69,381	62,557
Deferred income tax liabilities		111,140	101,644
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		873,534	819,117
TOTAL LIABILITIES		\$ 1,657,210	\$ 1,539,149
EQUITY			
Capital Stock	11	702,673	694,198
Contributed surplus		43,298	45,347
Accumulated other comprehensive income		82,991	55,927
Accumulated deficit		(194,824)	(219,480)
TOTAL EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY		634,138	575,992
Non-controlling interest	2	(157)	(246)
TOTAL EQUITY		633,981	575,746
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		\$ 2,291,191	\$ 2,114,895

Contingencies (note 16)

See accompanying notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

On behalf of the Board:

"Robert Wildeboer" Director

"Scott Balfour" Director

Martinrea International Inc.
Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations
(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

	Note	Three months ended March 31, 2015	Three months ended March 31, 2014
SALES	\$	917,531	\$ 864,493
Cost of sales (excluding depreciation of property, plant and equipment)		(794,997)	(752,883)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (production)		(26,895)	(24,131)
Total cost of sales		(821,892)	(777,014)
GROSS MARGIN		95,639	87,479
Research and development costs		(5,596)	(4,642)
Selling, general and administrative		(44,677)	(43,331)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (non-production)		(1,687)	(1,464)
Amortization of customer contracts and relationships		(539)	(343)
Gain/(loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment		570	(140)
OPERATING INCOME		43,710	37,559
Finance expense		(6,555)	(5,179)
Other finance income (expense)	13	2,602	(222)
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES		39,757	32,158
Income tax expense	10	(9,249)	(5,499)
NET INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	\$	30,508	\$ 26,659
Non-controlling interest	2	(89)	(9,968)
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY	\$	30,419	\$ 16,691
Basic earnings per share	12 \$	0.36	\$ 0.20
Diluted earnings per share	12 \$	0.36	\$ 0.20

See accompanying notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Martinrea International Inc.

Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

(in thousands of Canadian dollars) (unaudited)

	Three months ended March 31, 2015	Three months ended March 31, 2014
NET INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	\$ 30,508	\$ 26,659
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:		
Items that may be reclassified to net income		
Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations	27,064	30,853
Items that will not be reclassified to net income		
Actuarial losses from the remeasurement of defined benefit plans	(3,190)	(3,195)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	23,874	27,658
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	\$ 54,382	\$ 54,317
Attributable to:		
Equity holders of the Company	54,293	39,863
Non-controlling interest	89	14,454
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	\$ 54,382	\$ 54,317

See accompanying notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Martinrea International Inc.

Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

(in thousands of Canadian dollars) (unaudited)

Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company									
	Capital stock	Contributed surplus	Other equity	Cumulative translation account	Accumulated deficit	Total	Non- controlling interest	Total equity	
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$ 689,975	\$ 44,853	\$ (154,239)	\$ 26,085	\$ (142,376)	\$ 464,298	\$ 89,713	\$ 554,011	
Net income for the period	-	-	-	-	16,691	16,691	9,968	26,659	
Compensation expense related to stock options	-	110	-	-	-	110	-	110	
Change in fair value of put option granted to non-controlling interest	-	-	(31,425)	-	-	(31,425)	-	(31,425)	
Dividends (\$0.03 per share)	-	-	-	-	(2,535)	(2,535)	-	(2,535)	
<u>Other comprehensive income, net of tax</u>									
Actuarial losses from the remeasurement of defined benefit plans	-	-	-	-	(3,195)	(3,195)	-	(3,195)	
Foreign currency translation differences	-	-	-	26,367	-	26,367	4,486	30,853	
Balance at March 31, 2014	689,975	44,963	(185,664)	52,452	(131,415)	470,311	104,167	574,478	
Net income for the period	-	-	-	-	54,613	54,613	8,144	62,757	
Compensation expense related to stock options	-	1,589	-	-	-	1,589	-	1,589	
Change in fair value of put option granted to non-controlling interest	-	-	(50,003)	-	-	(50,003)	-	(50,003)	
Purchase of non-controlling interest (note 2)	-	-	235,667	-	(127,198)	108,469	(108,469)	-	
Dividends (\$0.09 per share)	-	-	-	-	(7,624)	(7,624)	-	(7,624)	
Exercise of employee stock options	4,223	(1,205)	-	-	-	3,018	-	3,018	
<u>Other comprehensive loss, net of tax</u>									
Actuarial losses from the remeasurement of defined benefit plans	-	-	-	-	(7,856)	(7,856)	-	(7,856)	
Foreign currency translation differences	-	-	-	3,475	-	3,475	(4,088)	(613)	
Balance at December 31, 2014	694,198	45,347	-	55,927	(219,480)	575,992	(246)	575,746	
Net income for the period	-	-	-	-	30,419	30,419	89	30,508	
Compensation expense related to stock options	-	199	-	-	-	199	-	199	
Dividends (\$0.03 per share)	-	-	-	-	(2,573)	(2,573)	-	(2,573)	
Exercise of employee stock options	8,475	(2,248)	-	-	-	6,227	-	6,227	
<u>Other comprehensive income, net of tax</u>									
Actuarial losses from the remeasurement of defined benefit plans	-	-	-	-	(3,190)	(3,190)	-	(3,190)	
Foreign currency translation differences	-	-	-	27,064	-	27,064	-	27,064	
Balance at March 31, 2015	\$ 702,673	\$ 43,298	\$ -	\$ 82,991	\$ (194,824)	\$ 634,138	\$ (157)	\$ 633,981	

See accompanying notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Martinrea International Inc.

Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(in thousands of Canadian dollars) (unaudited)

	Three months ended March 31, 2015	Three months ended March 31, 2014
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN):		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net Income for the period	\$ 30,508	\$ 26,659
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	28,582	25,595
Amortization of customer contracts and relationships	539	343
Amortization of development costs	2,662	2,104
Unrealized losses on foreign exchange forward contracts	1,000	2,535
Finance costs	6,555	5,179
Income tax expense	9,249	5,499
(Gain) Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(570)	140
Stock based compensation	199	110
Pension and other post-retirement benefits expense	1,097	1,167
Contributions made to pension and other post-retirement benefits	(1,468)	(1,028)
	78,353	68,303
Changes in non-cash working capital items:		
Trade and other receivables	(75,420)	(95,491)
Inventories	425	(16,423)
Prepaid expenses and deposits	(2,945)	(1,111)
Trade, other payables and provisions	31,276	69,431
	31,689	24,709
Interest paid (excluding capitalized interest)	(5,188)	(4,712)
Income taxes paid	(22,428)	(12,242)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 4,073	\$ 7,755
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Increase in long-term debt	19,029	36,953
Repayment of long-term debt	(9,597)	(10,191)
Dividends paid	(2,548)	(2,535)
Exercise of employee stock options	6,227	-
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	\$ 13,111	\$ 24,227
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment*	(46,501)	(42,823)
Capitalized development costs	(4,022)	(3,411)
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,845	593
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	\$ (48,678)	\$ (45,641)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(233)	620
DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(31,727)	(13,039)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	52,401	56,224
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$ 20,674	\$ 43,185

*As at March 31, 2015, \$14,208 (December 31, 2014 - \$ 13,372) of purchases of property, plant and equipment remain unpaid.

See accompanying notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Martinrea International Inc.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

Martinrea International Inc. (the "Company") was formed by the amalgamation under the Ontario Business Corporations Act of several predecessor Corporations by articles of amalgamation dated May 1, 1998. It designs, engineers, manufactures and sells quality metal parts, assemblies and fluid management systems and is focused on the automotive sector.

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

(a) Statement of compliance

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting' ("IAS" 34) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), and on a basis consistent with the accounting policies disclosed in the Company's annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014, except as outlined in note 1(d).

(b) Basis of presentation

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Martinrea International Inc. and its subsidiaries. The notes presented in these interim condensed consolidated financial statements include in general only significant changes and transactions occurring since the Company's last year end, and are not fully inclusive of all disclosures required by IFRS for annual financial statements. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual audited consolidated financial statements, including the notes thereto, for the year ended December 31, 2014.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company's presentation currency. All financial information presented in Canadian dollars has been rounded to the nearest thousand, except per share amounts and where otherwise indicated.

(d) Recently adopted accounting standards

The Company has adopted the new and amended IFRS pronouncements listed below as at January 1, 2015, in accordance with the transitional provisions outlined in the respective standards.

IAS 38, Intangible Assets and IAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment

Effective January 1, 2015, the Company adopted amendments made to IAS 38, Intangible Assets and IAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment. The amendments to these standards introduce a rebuttable presumption that the use of revenue-based amortization methods is inappropriate.

The adoption of these amended standards did not have a significant impact on the interim condensed consolidated financial statements in the current or comparative periods.

2. CHANGES IN OWNERSHIP INTEREST

On July 29, 2011, the Company purchased a controlling interest in the assets of Honsel AG, a German-based leading supplier of aluminum components for the automotive and industrial sectors, forming the Martinrea Honsel Group. The Company partnered with Anchorage Capital Group L.L.C. ("Anchorage") in the transaction, acquiring 55%, with Anchorage acquiring the remaining 45%.

As part of the transaction the Company granted Anchorage a put option which, if exercised, would have required the Company to purchase Anchorage's 45% interest in Martinrea Honsel. The put option would have become effective on April 1, 2015 with an expiry date of October 1, 2017. The put option provided a formula for determining the purchase price of the shares, designed to estimate the fair value of the non-controlling interest at the time the option is exercised. The put option provided an arbitration mechanism in the event that the two parties were unable to agree on the ultimate price.

On August 7, 2014, prior to the put option becoming exercisable, Martinrea acquired from Anchorage the remaining 45% equity interest in the Martinrea Honsel Group for a negotiated purchase price of €160,000 (\$235,667 Canadian). Effective August 7, 2014, the Martinrea Honsel Group became wholly owned by Martinrea. The transaction resulted in the carrying value of the put option liability on the date of the transaction being reversed out of other equity and the carrying amount of Anchorage's share of equity in Martinrea Honsel being reversed from non-controlling interest. The \$127,198

Martinrea International Inc.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

difference of the consideration paid and the carrying amount of the non-controlling interest at the date of the transaction was recognized in accumulated deficit.

3. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	March 31, 2015		December 31, 2014	
Trade receivables	\$	603,479	\$	501,962
VAT and other receivables		16,952		18,882
	\$	620,431	\$	520,844

The Company's exposures to credit and currency risks, and impairment losses related to trade and other receivables, are disclosed in note 15.

4. INVENTORIES

	March 31, 2015		December 31, 2014	
Raw materials	\$	157,698	\$	145,817
Work in progress		46,017		43,895
Finished goods		52,902		55,173
Tooling work in progress and other inventory		71,547		68,551
	\$	328,164	\$	313,436

5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	March 31, 2015			December 31, 2014		
	Cost	Accumulated amortization and impairment losses	Net book value	Cost	Accumulated amortization and impairment losses	Net book value
Land and buildings	\$ 142,922	\$ (32,981)	\$ 109,941	\$ 135,782	\$ (30,365)	\$ 105,417
Leasehold improvements	48,995	(25,971)	23,024	44,756	(24,198)	20,558
Manufacturing equipment	1,353,296	(640,911)	712,385	1,252,106	(588,639)	663,467
Tooling and fixtures	38,895	(32,097)	6,798	35,977	(29,664)	6,313
Other assets	30,090	(15,687)	14,403	28,349	(14,525)	13,824
Construction in progress and spare parts	186,655	-	186,655	175,102	-	175,102
	\$ 1,800,853	\$ (747,647)	\$ 1,053,206	\$ 1,672,072	\$ (687,391)	\$ 984,681

Martinrea International Inc.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

Movement in property, plant and equipment is summarized as follows:

	Land and buildings	Leasehold improvements	Manufacturing equipment	Tooling and fixtures	Other assets	Construction in progress and spare parts	Total
Net as of December 31, 2013	\$ 99,865	\$ 20,134	\$ 593,480	\$ 5,333	\$ 13,650	\$ 115,086	\$ 847,548
Additions	1,436	156	3,957	-	321	197,931	203,801
Disposals	(828)	-	(697)	(284)	(84)	(75)	(1,968)
Depreciation	(4,142)	(3,290)	(96,511)	(3,343)	(3,497)	-	(110,783)
Transfers from construction in progress and spare parts	3,814	2,505	128,252	4,314	3,022	(141,907)	-
Foreign currency translation adjustment	5,272	1,053	34,986	293	412	4,067	46,083
Net as of December 31, 2014	\$ 105,417	\$ 20,558	\$ 663,467	\$ 6,313	\$ 13,824	\$ 175,102	\$ 984,681
Additions	-	60	2,823	-	121	44,333	47,337
Disposals	-	-	(1,197)	(73)	(5)	-	(1,275)
Depreciation	(903)	(898)	(25,307)	(683)	(791)	-	(28,582)
Transfers from construction in progress and spare parts	120	2,387	37,360	912	799	(41,578)	-
Foreign currency translation adjustment	5,307	917	35,239	329	455	8,798	51,045
Net as of March 31, 2015	\$ 109,941	\$ 23,024	\$ 712,385	\$ 6,798	\$ 14,403	\$ 186,655	\$ 1,053,206

The Company has entered into certain asset-backed financing arrangements that were structured as sales-and-leaseback transactions. At March 31, 2015, the carrying value of property, plant and equipment under such arrangements was \$34,830 (December 31, 2014 – \$35,736). The corresponding amounts owing are reflected within long-term debt (note 9).

6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	March 31, 2015			December 31, 2014		
	Cost	Accumulated amortization and impairment losses	Net book value	Cost	Accumulated amortization and impairment losses	Net book value
Customer contracts and relationships	\$ 61,367	\$ (49,118)	\$ 12,249	\$ 60,644	\$ (48,848)	\$ 11,796
Development costs	107,830	(43,570)	64,260	97,261	(37,251)	60,010
	\$ 169,197	\$ (92,688)	\$ 76,509	\$ 157,905	\$ (86,099)	\$ 71,806

Movement in intangible assets is summarized as follows:

	Customer contracts and relationships	Development costs	Total
Net balance as at December 31, 2013	\$ 13,988	\$ 45,652	\$ 59,640
Additions	-	20,476	20,476
Amortization	(2,485)	(9,033)	(11,518)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	293	2,915	3,208
Net balance at December 31, 2014	\$ 11,796	\$ 60,010	\$ 71,806
Additions	-	4,022	4,022
Amortization	(539)	(2,662)	(3,201)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	992	2,890	3,882
Net balance at March 31, 2015	\$ 12,249	\$ 64,260	\$ 76,509

Martinrea International Inc.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

7. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Trade accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 712,612	\$ 645,853
Foreign exchange forward contracts (note 15(d))	1,000	9
	\$ 713,612	\$ 645,862

The Company's exposure to currency and liquidity risk related to trade and other payables is disclosed in note 15.

8. PROVISIONS

	Restructuring (a)	Claims and Litigations (b)	Onerous Contracts (c)	Total
Net as of December 31, 2013	\$ 3,348	\$ 1,707	\$ 1,307	\$ 6,362
Net additions	3,542	546	-	4,088
Amounts used during the period	(3,102)	(450)	(1,291)	(4,843)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(36)	(51)	(16)	(103)
Net as of December 31, 2014	\$ 3,752	\$ 1,752	\$ -	\$ 5,504
Net additions	-	111	-	111
Amounts used during the period	(791)	(169)	-	(960)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(17)	(150)	-	(167)
Net as of March 31, 2015	\$ 2,944	\$ 1,544	\$ -	\$ 4,488

Based on estimated cash outflows, all provisions as at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 are presented on the consolidated balance sheet as current.

(a) Restructuring

As part of the acquisition of Honsel in 2011 as described in note 2, a certain level of restructuring was contemplated, in particular, at the Company's German facilities in Meschede and Soest. The restructuring accrual as at December 31, 2013 and \$1,054 of the accrual as at December 31, 2014 relates to restructuring activities undertaken in Honsel primarily for employee related severance.

Additions to the restructuring accrual in 2014 of \$3,542 represent employee related severance relating to the rightsizing of two manufacturing facilities in Ontario.

(b) Claims and litigation

In the normal course of business, the Company may be involved in disputes with its suppliers, former employees or other third parties. Where the Company has determined that there is a probable loss that is expected from claims or litigation related to past events, a provision is recorded to cover the related risks associated with these disputes. To the best of the Company's knowledge, there are no claims or litigation in progress or pending that are likely to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position.

(c) Onerous contracts

An onerous contract is a contract in which the unavoidable costs to meet the obligation exceed the future economic benefits expected to be earned under it. As part of the valuation of the assets and liabilities assumed in the acquisition of Honsel, certain sales contracts were determined to be onerous. As such, the present value of the future net obligation of these contracts was recorded as a provision and has been recognized over time as the contracts were fulfilled or when the contracts were longer considered onerous.

Martinrea International Inc.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

9. LONG TERM DEBT

The Company's interest-bearing loans and borrowings are measured at amortized cost. For more information about the Company's exposure to interest rate, foreign currency and liquidity risk, see note 15.

	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Banking facility	\$ 591,067	\$ 547,090
Equipment loans	142,367	145,109
Other bank loans	55	243
	733,489	692,442
Current portion	(40,476)	(37,526)
	\$ 693,013	\$ 654,916

Terms and conditions of outstanding loans, as at March 31, 2015, in Canadian dollar equivalents, are as follows:

	Currency	Nominal interest rate	Year of maturity	March 31, 2015 Carrying amount	December 31, 2014 Carrying amount
Banking facility	CAD	BA+2.0%	2018	\$ 269,767	\$ 274,466
	USD	LIBOR+2.0%	2018	321,300	272,624
Equipment loans	USD	4.25%	2018	47,916	46,742
	USD	4.25%	2017	18,591	18,846
	USD	7.36%	2017	15,014	14,948
	EUR	3.06%	2024	14,862	15,195
	EUR	4.93%	2023	14,291	14,735
	EUR	3.37%	2016	11,971	13,806
	USD	3.89%	2016	5,946	6,405
	EUR	3.35%	2019	5,493	5,615
	USD	3.99%	2017	4,011	4,176
	USD	3.65%	2016	1,854	1,982
	BRL	11.88%	2015	1,164	1,310
	USD	4.69%	2017	968	1,013
BRL	5.00%	2020	286	336	
Other bank loans	BRL	14.00%	2015	55	243
				\$ 733,489	\$ 692,442

On August 6, 2014, the Company's banking facility was amended to increase the total available revolving credit lines under the facility and add two new banks to the lending syndicate. The increase in credit lines facilitated the purchase of the 45% minority interest in Martinrea Honsel as described in note 2. The primary terms of the amended banking facility, with a syndicate of nine banks, are as follows:

- available revolving credit lines of \$300 million and US \$350 million;
- available asset based financing capacity of \$205 million;
- no mandatory principal repayment provisions;
- an accordion feature which provides the Company with the ability to increase the revolving credit facility by up to \$100 million;
- pricing terms at market rates; and
- a maturity date of August 2018.

As at March 31, 2015, the Company has drawn US\$255,000 (December 31, 2014 - US\$235,000) on the U.S. revolving credit line and drawn \$273,000 (December 31, 2014 - \$278,000) on the Canadian revolving credit line. At March 31, 2015, the weighted average effective rate of the banking facility credit lines was 3.1% (December 31, 2014 - 3.3%). The facility requires the maintenance of certain financial ratios with which the Company was in compliance as at March 31, 2015.

Deferred financing fees of \$3,783 (December 31, 2014 - \$4,155) have been netted against the carrying amount of the long term debt.

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Future annual minimum principal repayments are as follows:

Within one year	\$	40,476
One to two years		37,793
Two to three years		26,449
Three to four years		606,458
Thereafter		22,313
	\$	733,489

10. INCOME TAXES

The components of income tax expense are as follows:

	Three months ended March 31, 2015		Three months ended March 31, 2014	
Current income tax expense	\$	14,625	\$	9,676
Deferred income tax expense (recovery)		(5,376)		(4,177)
Total income tax expense	\$	9,249	\$	5,499

11. CAPITAL STOCK

	Number	Amount
Common shares outstanding:		
Balance, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2014	84,479,704	\$ 689,975
Exercise of stock options	445,379	4,223
Balance, December 31, 2014	84,925,083	694,198
Exercise of stock options	831,200	8,475
Balance, March 31, 2015	85,756,283	\$ 702,673

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares. The Company's shares have no par value.

Stock options:

The Company has one stock option plan for key employees. Under the plan the Company may grant options to its key employees for up to 9,000,000 shares of common stock with option room available calculated in accordance with the terms of the stock option plan. Under the plan, the exercise price of each option equals the market price of the Company's stock on the date of grant or such other date as determined in accordance with stock option plan and the policies of the Company, and the options have a maximum term of 10 years. Options are granted throughout the year and vest between zero and four years.

The following is a summary of the activity of the outstanding share purchase options:

	Three months ended March 31, 2015		Three months ended March 31, 2014	
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price
Balance, beginning of period	5,645,202	\$ 11.13	5,521,915	\$ 10.68
Exercised during the period	(831,200)	7.49	-	-
Balance, end of period	4,814,002	\$ 11.76	5,521,915	\$ 10.68
Options exercisable, end of period	4,414,002	\$ 11.76	5,031,915	\$ 10.93

The following is a summary of the issued and outstanding common share purchase options as at March 31, 2015:

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Range of exercise price per share	Number outstanding	Date of grant	Expiry
\$3.00 - 5.99	21,000	2005	2015
\$6.00 - 8.99	1,612,252	2008 - 2012	2018 - 2022
\$9.00 - 9.99	150,000	2008	2018
\$10.00 - 15.99	1,240,750	2006-2014	2016 - 2024
\$16.00 - 17.75	1,790,000	2007	2017
Total share purchase options	4,814,002		

For the three months ended March 31, 2015, the Company expensed \$199 (three months ended March 31, 2014 - \$110) to reflect stock-based compensation expense, as derived using the Black-Scholes option valuation model.

12. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Details of the calculations of earnings per share are set out below:

	Three months ended March 31, 2015		Three months ended March 31, 2014	
	Weighted average number of shares	Per common share amount	Weighted average number of shares	Per common share amount
Basic	85,080,044	\$ 0.36	84,479,704	\$ 0.20
Effect of dilutive securities:				
Stock options	605,481	-	564,470	-
Diluted	85,685,525	\$ 0.36	85,044,174	\$ 0.20

The average market value of the Company's shares for purposes of calculating the dilutive effect of share options was based on quoted market prices for the period during which the options were outstanding.

For the three months ended March 31, 2015, 2,417,000 options (three months ended March 31, 2014 - 2,475,000) were excluded from the diluted weighted average per share calculation as they were anti-dilutive.

13. OTHER FINANCE INCOME (EXPENSE)

	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
Net foreign exchange gain (loss)	\$ 2,592	\$ (281)
Other income, net	10	59
Other finance income (expense)	\$ 2,602	\$ (222)

14. OPERATING SEGMENTS

The Company designs, engineers, manufactures, and sells quality metal parts, assemblies, and fluid management systems primarily serving the global automotive industry. It conducts its operations through divisions, which function as autonomous business units, following a corporate policy of functional and operational decentralization. The Company's products include a wide array of products, assemblies and systems for small and large cars, crossovers, pickups and sport utility vehicles.

The Company defines its operating segments as components of its business where separate financial information is available and routinely evaluated by management. The Company's chief operating decision maker ("CODM") is the Chief Executive Officer. Given the differences between the regions in which the Company operates, Martinrea's operations are segmented on a geographic basis between North America, Europe and Rest of World.

The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the Company's annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014. The Company uses segment operating income as the basis for the CODM to evaluate the performance of each of the Company's reportable segments.

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The following is a summary of selected data for each of the Company's segments:

	Three months ended March 31, 2015		Three months ended March 31, 2014	
	Sales	Operating Income	Sales	Operating Income
North America				
Canada	\$ 199,843	\$	195,517	
USA	335,849		312,669	
Mexico	177,427		155,478	
	\$ 713,119	\$ 37,527	\$ 663,664	\$ 21,368
Europe				
Germany	142,805		153,514	
Spain	33,218		24,627	
Slovakia	11,378		5,512	
	187,401	8,368	183,653	17,674
Rest of World	17,011	(2,185)	17,176	(1,483)
	\$ 917,531	\$ 43,710	\$ 864,493	\$ 37,559

Inter-segment sales are not significant for any period presented.

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, trade and other payables, long-term debt, and foreign exchange forward contracts.

Fair Value

IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement" provides guidance about fair value measurements. Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. Valuation techniques used to measure fair value are required to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The fair value hierarchy is based on three levels of inputs. The first two levels are considered observable and the last unobservable. These levels are used to measure fair values as follows:

- Level 1 – Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 2 – Inputs, other than Level 1 inputs that are observable for assets and liabilities, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.
- Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

The following table summarizes the fair value hierarchy under which the Company's applicable financial instruments are valued:

	March 31, 2015			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,674	\$ 20,674	\$ -	\$ -
Foreign exchange forward contracts	\$ (1,000)	\$ -	\$ (1,000)	\$ -
	December 31, 2014			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 52,401	\$ 52,401	\$ -	\$ -
Foreign exchange forward contracts	\$ (9)	\$ -	\$ (9)	\$ -

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Fair values versus carrying amounts

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities, together with the carrying amounts shown in the balance sheet, are as follows:

March 31, 2015	Fair value through profit or loss	Loans and receivables	Amortized cost	Carrying amount	Fair value
FINANCIAL ASSETS:					
Trade and other receivables	\$ -	\$ 620,431	\$ -	\$ 620,431	\$ 620,431
	-	620,431	-	620,431	620,431
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES:					
Trade and other payables	-	-	712,612	712,612	712,612
Long-term debt	-	-	733,489	733,489	733,489
Foreign exchange forward contracts	1,000	-	-	1,000	1,000
	1,000	-	1,446,101	1,447,101	1,447,101
Net financial assets (liabilities)	\$ (1,000)	\$ 620,431	\$ (1,446,101)	\$ (826,670)	\$ (826,670)
December 31, 2014					
FINANCIAL ASSETS:					
Trade and other receivables	\$ -	\$ 520,844	\$ -	\$ 520,844	\$ 520,844
	-	520,844	-	520,844	520,844
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES:					
Trade and other payables	-	-	645,853	645,853	645,853
Long-term debt	-	-	692,442	692,442	692,442
Foreign exchange forward contracts	9	-	-	9	9
	9	-	1,338,295	1,338,304	1,338,304
Net financial assets (liabilities)	\$ (9)	\$ 520,844	\$ (1,338,295)	\$ (817,460)	\$ (817,460)

The fair value of trade and other receivables and trade and other payables approximates their carrying amounts due to the short-term maturities of these instruments. The estimated fair value of long-term debt approximates its carrying value since debt is subject to terms and conditions similar to those available to the Company for instruments with comparable terms, and the interest rates are market-based.

Risk Management

The main risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk and currency risk. These risks arise from exposures that occur in the normal course of business and are managed on a consolidated Company basis.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risks of losses due to failure of the Company's customers or other counterparties to meet their payment obligations. Financial instruments that subject the Company to credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, and foreign exchange forward contracts.

Credit risk associated with cash and short-term deposits is minimized by ensuring these financial assets are placed with financial institutions with high credit ratings.

The credit risk associated with foreign exchange forward contracts arises from the possibility that the counterparty to one of these contracts fails to perform according to the terms of the contract. Credit risk associated with foreign exchange forward contracts is minimized by entering into such transactions with major Canadian and U.S. financial institutions.

In the normal course of business, the Company is exposed to credit risk from its customers. Approximately 85% of the Company's production sales are derived from seven customers. A substantial portion of the Company's accounts receivables are with large customers in the automotive, truck and industrial sectors and are subject to normal industry credit risks. The level of accounts receivable that were past due as at March 31, 2015 are

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part of normal payment patterns within the industry and the allowance for doubtful accounts is less than 0.50% of total trade receivables for all periods and movements in the current year are minimal.

The aging of trade receivables at the reporting date was as follows:

	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
0-60 days	\$ 574,315	\$ 473,337
61-90 days	9,337	15,982
Greater than 90 days	19,827	12,643
	\$ 603,479	\$ 501,962

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations when they become due. The Company manages liquidity risk by monitoring sales volumes and collection efforts to ensure sufficient cash flows are generated from operations to meet its liabilities when they become due. Management monitors consolidated cash flows on a weekly basis covering a rolling 12 week period, quarterly through forecasting and annually through the Company's budget process. At March 31, 2015, the Company had cash of \$20,674 and banking facilities available as discussed in note 9. All the Company's financial liabilities other than long term debt have maturities of approximately 60 days.

A summary of contractual maturities of long term debt is provided in note 9.

(c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the risk the value of a financial instrument or cash flows associated with the instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest rates. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk as a significant portion of the Company's long-term debt bears interest at rates linked to the US prime, Canadian prime, one month LIBOR or the Bankers Acceptance rates. The interest on the bank facility fluctuates depending on the achievement of certain financial debt ratios, and may cause the interest rate to increase by a maximum of 1.75%.

The interest rate profile of the Company's long-term debt was as follows:

	Carrying amount	
	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Variable rate instruments	\$ 591,067	\$ 547,090
Fixed rate instruments	142,422	145,352
	\$ 733,489	\$ 692,442

Sensitivity analysis

An increase or decrease of 1.0% in all variable interest rate debt would, all else being equal, have an effect of \$1,431 (three months ended March 31, 2014 - \$818) on the Company's interim consolidated financial results for the three months ended March 31, 2015.

(d) Currency risk

Currency risk refers to the risk that the value of the financial instruments or cash flows associated with the instruments will fluctuate due to changes in the foreign exchange rates. The Company undertakes revenue and purchase transactions in foreign currencies, and therefore is subject to gains and losses due to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. The Company's foreign exchange risk management includes the use of foreign currency forward contracts to fix the exchange rates on certain foreign currency exposures.

At March 31, 2015, the Company had committed to the following foreign exchange contracts:

Currency	Amount of U.S. dollars	Weighted average exchange rate of U.S. dollars	Maximum period in months
Buy Canadian Dollars	\$ 10,000	1.1696	9
Buy Mexican Peso	\$ 460	15.2200	1

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The aggregate value of these forward contracts as at March 31, 2015 was a loss of \$1,000 and was recorded in trade and other payables (December 31, 2014 - loss of \$9 and was recorded in trade and other payables).

The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk reported in the foreign currency was as follows:

March 31, 2015	USD		EURO		PESO		BRL		CNY	
Trade and other receivables	\$	337,442	€	78,734	\$	20,694	R\$	20,345	¥	55,866
Trade and other payables		(359,713)		(99,125)		(111,123)		(19,216)		(31,405)
Long-term debt		(330,279)		(33,951)		-		(3,878)		-
	\$	(352,550)	€	(54,342)	\$	(90,429)	R\$	(2,749)	¥	24,461

December 31, 2014	USD		EURO		PESO		BRL		CNY	
Trade and other receivables	\$	295,319	€	65,084	\$	17,654	R\$	15,171	¥	47,449
Trade and other payables		(357,294)		(88,788)		(60,722)		(16,376)		(24,372)
Long-term debt		(316,658)		(35,156)		-		(4,325)		-
	\$	(378,633)	€	(58,860)	\$	(43,068)	R\$	(5,530)	¥	23,077

The following summary illustrates the fluctuations in the exchange rates applied during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014:

	Average rate		Closing rate	
	Three months ended	Three months ended	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014		
USD	1.2053	1.0882	1.2600	1.1601
EURO	1.4157	1.4863	1.3731	1.4038
PESO	0.0819	0.0825	0.0829	0.0787
BRL	0.4468	0.4590	0.3881	0.4365
CNY	0.1937	0.1792	0.2024	0.1869

Sensitivity analysis

The Company does not have significant foreign currency exposure based on each subsidiary's functional currency. However a 10 percent strengthening of the Canadian dollar against the following currencies at March 31, would give rise to a translation risk on net income and would have increased (decreased) equity, profit or loss and comprehensive income for the three months ended March 31, 2015 by the amounts shown below, assuming all other variables remain constant:

	Three months ended	Three months ended
	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
USD	\$ (1,775)	\$ (494)
EURO	(697)	(1,631)
BRL	104	117
CNY	130	88
	\$ (2,238)	\$ (1,920)

A weakening of the Canadian dollar against the above currencies at March 31 would have had the equal but opposite effect on the above currencies to the amounts shown above, on the basis that all other variables remain constant.

(e) Capital risk management

The Company's objectives in managing capital are to ensure sufficient liquidity to pursue its strategy of organic growth combined with complementary acquisitions and to provide returns to its shareholders. The Company defines capital that it manages as the aggregate of its equity, which is comprised of issued capital, contributed surplus, accumulated other comprehensive income and accumulated deficit, and debt.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of general economic conditions, the risk characteristics of the underlying assets and the Company's working capital requirements. In order to maintain or adjust its capital structure, the Company, upon approval from its Board of Directors, may issue or repay long-term debt, issue shares, repurchase shares, or undertake other activities as deemed

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appropriate under the specific circumstances. The Board of Directors reviews and approves any material transactions out of the ordinary course of business, including proposals on acquisitions or other major investments or divestitures, as well as annual capital and operating budgets.

In addition to debt and equity the Company may use operating leases as additional sources of financing. The Company monitors debt leverage ratios as part of the management of liquidity and shareholders' return and to sustain future development of the business. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements and its overall strategy with respect to capital risk management remains unchanged from the prior year.

16. CONTINGENCIES

Contingencies

The Company has contingent liabilities relating to legal and tax proceedings arising in the normal course of its business. Known claims and litigation involving the Company or its subsidiaries were reviewed at the end of the reporting period. Based on the advice of legal counsel, all necessary provisions have been made to cover the related risks. Although the outcome of the proceedings in progress cannot be predicted, the Company does not believe they will have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position. However, new proceedings may be initiated against the Company as a result of facts or circumstances unknown at the date of this report or for which the risk cannot yet be determined or quantified. Such proceedings could have a significant adverse impact on the Company's financial results.

Tax contingency

The Company's subsidiary in Brazil, Martinrea Honsel Brazil Fundicao e comercio de Pecas em Alumino Ltda., is currently being assessed by the State of Sao Paulo's tax authorities for certain historical value added tax ("VAT") credits claimed on aluminum purchases from certain local suppliers that occurred prior to the acquisition of the Brazil subsidiary in 2011. The taxation system and regulatory environment in Brazil is characterized by numerous indirect taxes and frequently changing legislation subject to various interpretations by the various Brazilian regulatory authorities who are empowered to impose significant fines, penalties and interest charges. The basis for the assessments stems from the classification of aluminum purchases, the registration status of the aluminum suppliers in question and the differing treatments between manufactured and unmanufactured aluminum for VAT purposes. The potential exposure under these assessments, based on the notices issued by the tax authorities, is approximately \$61,782 (BRL \$159,190) including interest and penalties to March 31, 2015 (December 31, 2014 - \$69,067 or BRL \$158,230). The Company has sought external legal advice and believes that it has complied, in all material respects, with the relevant legislation and will vigorously defend against the assessments. The Company may be required to present guarantees totaling \$38,000 at some point in 2015 through a pledge of assets, bank letter of credits or cash deposit. No provision has been recorded by the Company in connection with this contingency as at this stage the Company has concluded that it is not probable that a liability will result from the matter.

17. GUARANTEES

The Company is a guarantor under a tooling financing program. The tooling financing program involves a third party that provides tooling suppliers with financing subject to a Company guarantee. Payments from the third party to the tooling supplier are approved by the Company prior to the funds being advanced. The amounts loaned to the tooling suppliers through this financing arrangement do not appear on the Company's consolidated balance sheet. At March 31, 2015, the amount of the program financing was \$19,103 (December 31, 2014 - \$17,229) representing the maximum amount of undiscounted future payments the Company could be required to make under the guarantee.

The Company would be required to perform under the guarantee in cases where a tooling supplier could not meet its obligations to the third party. Since the amount advanced to the tooling supplier is required to be repaid generally when the Company receives reimbursement from the final customer, and at this point the Company will in turn repay the tooling supplier, the Company views the likelihood of the tooling supplier default as remote. No such defaults occurred during 2015 or 2014. Moreover, if such an instance were to occur, the Company would obtain the tooling inventory as collateral. The term of the guarantee will vary from program to program, but typically ranges from six to eighteen months.



MARTINREA INTERNATIONAL INC.

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